9:00 a.m., Friday, November 16, 2018 Wickenburg Town Hall Council Chambers 155 North Tegner Street, Suite A Wickenburg, AZ 85390

Call to Order

Chairman Cuthbertson called the State Transportation Board meeting to order at 9:00 a.m.

Pledge

The Pledge of Allegiance was led by Board Member Knight.

Roll Call by Board Secretary Linda Priano

A quorum of the State Transportation Board was present. **In attendance:** Bill Cuthbertson, Jack Sellers, Mike Hammond, Steve Stratton, Jesse Thompson, and Gary Knight. **Absent:** Board Member Sam Elters and Board Attorney Michelle Kunzman were not present. There were approximately 40 members of the public in the audience.

Opening Remarks

Chairman Cuthbertson expressed his appreciation to Wickenburg Town Manager, Vince Lorefice, and Executive Director, Julie Brooks, of the Wickenburg Chamber of Commerce, for sponsoring and hosting the reception on Thursday evening, at Rancho de los Caballeros, with the support of Rusty Gant and his staff.

Chairman Cuthbertson added he looks forward in coming to Wickenburg and staying at the resort and it is great to catch up with former board members. Board Member Knight added he welcomed the opportunity to meet former members of the board and he really enjoyed this venue.

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act

Floyd Roehrich, Jr., reminded all attendees to fill out the optional survey cards to assist our Civil Rights Department.

Call to the Audience

An opportunity was provided to members of the public to address the State Transportation Board. Members of the public were requested not to exceed a three minute time period for their comments.

ARIZONA STATE TRANSPORTATION BOARD STATE TRANSPORTATION BOARD MEETING

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

Wickenburg Town Hall Council Chambers 155 North Tegner Street, Suite A Wickenburg, Arizona 85390

November 16, 2018

PREPARED FOR:
ADOT - STATE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

(Certified Copy)

1	CALL TO THE AUDIENCE	
2	SPEAKER:	AGE:
3	Vincent Lorefice	5
4	Charlie Odegaard	7
5	Travis Lingenfelter	9
6	Greg Henry	10
7	John Hansen	11
8	Michael Halse	12
9	Anthony Tunis	14
10	Tom Jones	16
11	Kara Harris	17
12	Bell Lenhardt	20
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14		
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16		
17		
18		
19		
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21		
22		
23		
24		
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1	AGENDA ITEMS
2	Item 1 - Director's Report, John Halikowski, ADOT Director22
3	Item 2 - District Engineer's Report, Alvin Stump, Northwest District Engineer Operations22
5	Item 3 - Consent Agenda25
6 7	Item 4 - Legislative Update, Bill Fathauer, Legislative Liaison26
8	Item 5 - Financial Report, Kristine Ward, Chief Financial Officer33
9	Item 6 - Multimodal Planning Division Report, Greg Byres, Division Director, Multimodal Planning Division41
10 11	Item 7 - Priority Planning Advisory Committee (PPAC), Greg Byres43
12	Item 8 - State Engineer's Report, Dallas Hammit46
13	Item 9 - Construction Projects, Dallas Hammit47
14	Item 10 - October 2019 Board Meetings Location, Floyd Roehrich, Junior87
15 16	Item 11 - Suggestions, Floyd Roehrich, Junior89
17	
18	
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20	
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22	
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(Beginning of excerpt.)

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. We'll now move on to call to the audience. To address the Board during the call to the audience, please fill out a request for public input card if you haven't already and give it to Secretary Priano. In --kind of in fairness for all those wishing to speak -- I think we have a number of people wishing to speak today -- we will limit the time available to three minutes for each speaker. So at the end of three minutes, you'll hear a little (inaudible) tone, and that means it's time to wrap it up.

We -- the Board really gets a lot of information from these -- from these comments and -- but since they are not agendized, we are not able to really discuss them. They're not discussion items. But it's good information for the Board, and we welcome them.

So to begin with, we'll start with Vincent Lorefice, the Town Manager for Wickenburg.

MR. LOREFICE: Mr. Chairman of the Board, board members and our staff and our guests to our community, welcome to the Town of Wickenburg. This is our official welcome to Wickenburg. Thank you for taking the time to come and tour our great community.

As I indicated last night, I really appreciate everything that ADOT has done for the town of Wickenburg for decades. The town is vitally connected with the transportation

systems, as we have Highway 60, Highway 93 coming through our community, and in the future we will have I-11 just to the west of our community as well. We are asking that we still reconsider looking at reallocating our -- the western allocation of I-11 at 60, closer to our town limits so we can take advantage of some economic development opportunities.

Right now the tier one study shows that around four to five miles outside of our town limits, and we're just afraid we're going to get bypassed. So we really would like to see that line curve closer towards the east, to our town limits, within say a half mile or so of our current town limits that are identified.

There has been memos that have been sent from our -- from our mayor, and beyond that, we want to thank you for what we're currently doing, which is the gap project, the Highway 93 that's in the five-year plan. I am very thankful that the -- Alvin Stump and Andy Roth, our district engineer and deputy engineer, have been working diligently with the staff, and they have done an amazing job in helping us get that project to completion. So we are excited to see that project continuing to move toward forward and completed in 2020.

So thank you very much. Have a great day. As the town manager, it would be wrong of me not to ask everyone to please shop our local downtown community. We have a lot of great gas stations. Please fill up on the way out of town.

Grab a sandwich, grab a drink. And if you stayed here last night, you ended up going to any of our local saloons and you need to buy a gift for your spouse to say sorry, we have a lot of great places as well. So thank you very much, and if you need anything, we are here to serve, and thank you for coming to Wickenburg.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Thank you.

Next, Charlie Odegaard, Flagstaff Councilmember.

MR. ODEGAARD: Good morning, Chair, and good morning board members and director. Thank you for having me speak this morning.

I've got a lot of good news for you here this morning concerning things that are happening in the city of Flagstaff. One, because of our partnerships with ADOT, we got a right turn lane in on Milton Road, which is the most busiest corridor there in Flagstaff, and with city dollars and FMPO dollars, that right turn lane was able to happen. And I travel that road quite often, and it's so much nicer not to see the backup traffic like we were seeing there on Milton because of that turn lane.

Another thing that's happening with ADOT and working together is a sewer line construction. It's gone through the permit process right now with ADOT and the City of Flagstaff, and where it's going to be at is where I-17 dumps right into the city of Flagstaff there on Milton.

Another thing, of course, why you've seen me so many times in the past is concerning four street bridges over I-40, and next Tuesday at the city council, we'll be approving an IGA for the construction of four street bridges and -- over there on I-40. And that's such a good partnership experience between ADOT and the City of Flagstaff, and the City of Flagstaff was able to come in with a 50/50 match as far as dollars. And with a \$10 million project, for the City of Flagstaff with -- coming in with 5 million, that's pretty incredible for our community to be able to do that.

Another thing that's -- I'm so pleased to talk to you about is I was here last time I spoke in front of you about some transportation sales tax questions we had with the city, and we had given you news that we hired a firm, our polling, to see how they were doing, and they were saying the passage was 80 percent. Well, it didn't quite happen at 80 percent, but it happened at 65 percent, which is great to hear that the City of Flagstaff, the community recognized the importance of transportation. And so we're going to have \$400 million in the next 20 years to bring to the table of helping our community and matching with ADOT and doing some construction projects in the future.

And one of the most exciting things is dollars are being set aside to help with that. We -- we told the citizens, we want to set dollars to come in and match with your

dollars, and the citizens said, okay. Let's do that. And so it makes sense, to have a partnership like that.

And I just want to -- and with that, we've been having discussions with our North Central District manager,

Audra Merrick, and so she's excited. Our city staff is excited for the future, for the Flagstaff community, and I just wanted to say, again, thank you for those partnership opportunities.

We really appreciate it, and I just want to wish everyone a happy Thanksgiving, a merry Christmas, and enjoy your holidays. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Thank you.

Travis Lingenfelter, Kingman City Councilman.

MR. LINGENFELTER: Good morning, board members and staff. My name is Travis Lingenfelter. I'm a city councilman with the city of Kingman, Arizona. I need to extend our mayor-elect Jen Miles, she was not able to come this morning, and she wished she could, but we look forward to hosting you all in January of this next year.

I wanted to just say thank you for the inclusion of the West Kingman interchange in the five-year plan. That's going to help tremendously with the traffic coming into town and merging onto I-40 and the soon Interstate 11. In the future, Kingman will be at the crossroads of major north/south and east/west trade routes, Interstate 40 and Interstate 11.

We'd also continue to request ADOT's support and

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1
     partnership in what we're calling the I-11 East Kingman
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     Connection Project, which is a second main entrance into our
 3
     industrial park. The industrial park in Kingman, it's the
 4
     Kingman Airport and the industrial park. It's the single
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     latest industrial concentration in rural Arizona outside of
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     Phoenix. Phase 2, we have phase 2. It's another 1,400 acres,
 7
     and just some incredible companies in phase 1 that are already
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     at work.
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                    If you've ever been to Las Vegas and you've seen
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     the High Roller there, all of the observation pods there were
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     constructed at Laron in Kingman. If you've taken a flight out
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     of Vegas or Phoenix, chances are the tires on your airplane came
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     through Goodyear Aviation in Kingman. So just some tremendous
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     companies.
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                    We look forward to really sitting down and
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     meeting with you in January, and thank you for your time.
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     holidays, and have a good meeting. Thank you.
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON:
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                                           Thank you.
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                    Greg Henry, City Engineer for the City of
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     Kingman.
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                    MR. HENRY: Good morning, Mr. Chairman and board
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     members.
               Thank you for the opportunity to come and speak.
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                    I wanted to speak a little bit on the East
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     Kingman I-11 Connection Project, or what we also know as the
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Rancho Santa Fe traffic interchange east of Kingman.

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project was on the ADOT five-year plan some 13 years ago. There was a 70/30 partnership letter of intent that ADOT had signed, and the City of Kingman had signed. We're just looking to rekindle that partnership that kind of fell by the wayside because of the recession. The need for the project is certainly still there. The airport park, as has been mentioned, is growing and expanding, and this would provide a second entrance into that park. And really I just want to see about -- let you know that we're working with Alvin on getting this back on the five-year plan, and appreciate your attention.

And again thank you for the consideration of a January board meeting in Kingman as well. We look forward to seeing you there. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Thank you.

John Hansen, President of the Kingman and Mohave Manufacturing Association.

MR. HANSEN: Good morning. Thanks for the opportunity to speak. I'd like to thank the Board and all the members for letting me come again and speak.

The message is the same, so consistency is a good thing, I guess. But the idea of manufacturing in northern Arizona, I think, is something that the state benefits from, no matter — no matter which part of the state it is. Opening up that area, which is — which is kind of lonesome right now to manufacturing, I think it would be a great thing.

approach this with private industry. I mean, the -- I represent the voice of industry in Kingman, and you know, we really need to have this built. So we're looking at ways that we can support this from a private industry standpoint, and we just would like to encourage the Board and the Department of Transportation to keep that in the front of their mind when they're working on that. So I thank you very much again for the opportunity.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Thank you.

Next, Michael Halse of -- representing Freeport-McMoran at Bagdad.

MR. HALSE: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, members of the Board. Appreciate your time this morning. I'd like to come and do some initial requests for some planning cycle work on doing some spot improvements on State Route 97 that services the Bagdad mine.

Freeport-McMoran has been operating large scale mining operations in Bagdad since 1976. We make about 200 million pounds of copper a year, and that's two -- it's about half a million pounds that has to be shipped out every day. We've got about 200 trucks that are coming in and out on State Route 97. That is the artery. That's the main -- the main show for doing business in Bagdad.

The economic benefit that Bagdad provides to the

state of Arizona and the surrounding communities is on the order of about \$225 million benefit to the state of Arizona, with \$109 million that benefits Yavapai County. Those numbers come from the Arizona State University William Seidman Research Institute from 2017.

The future of Bagdad is bright. We have proven reserves of 7 billion pounds of copper in the ground. That translates to over a 40-year mine life. We also have an additional 10 billion pounds that is indicated beyond that 7 billion pounds that makes Bagdad a very long-term operation. So with that, Freeport views Bagdad as an opportunity location for a growth project.

We're presently engaging in studies to potentially double the size of the Bagdad operation, which translates to State Route 97 being a very strategic and critical part of that work. In our studies that we funded, we've funded a \$275,000 study to look at the road. What's going on there? What can it do? You know, how is that going to play into the story of a mine expansion? Along the way of that study, we have assessed present conditions, and in that have seen that there are -- is opportunity today to do some spot improvements. We've worked with the Northwest District office and appreciate

Mr. Stump and his team for helping guide us on what we can do to have a very cost effective solution for those spot improvements. And Alvin, he'll be ready to tell you more about those later on

today.

Bagdad Fire District.

meet the current highway speed and geometric standards. So combined with our commercial trucking, the result has been adverse to our community and operations with some of the incidents that happen out on the roadway. We do have opportunity to address those. In essence, Freeport, with our --with our partners, we are willing to come to the table with a shared -- a shared -- cost share to go make those improvements.

So I appreciate the attention to the State Route 97 project and the interest that it has to support the community and mining operation of Freeport Bagdad. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Thank you. (Inaudible.)

Next is Anthony Tunis. He's Deputy Chief of

MR. TUNIS: Good morning, Chair. Good morning, Board. Like you said, my name's Anthony Tunis. I'm the deputy fire chief for the Williamson Valley Bagdad Fire District.

I'm here today to -- additionally to advocate for the modernization of State Route 97. Our fire station out of Bagdad, our Station 95 operates emergency response for fire, medical, ambulance and hazardous material response for over 232 square miles. So we average under -- just under 1,000 calls for service per year out of that station. We're the only emergency service for 60 miles, with the only paramedic service in Yavapai

County for 72 miles. And then in the southern Mohave County area, we're the only paramedics for 100 miles.

21 percent, roughly 200 a calls a year that we respond to, we respond to via State Route 97. That gives us response times in excess of 45 minutes to our far reaching areas like Wikieup, which we -- I can say we're the only paramedic response unit for that area. We're the only medical response unit for that area.

I -- I'm here, honestly -- the State Route 97 comes up on our strategic plan all the time as a primary hazard when it comes to responding. That section there, 97, is only 11 miles long, but it takes our response via ambulance or fire truck, lights and sirens, over 20 minutes. That's huge. Twenty minutes is a long time when you're dealing with somebody who's choking or having a heart attack or motor vehicle accident.

Additionally, I haven't done a study on this, but I would venture to say the majority of most hazardous material calls for service runs in the entire state probably come from -- from that area. The way the road is set up right now, we have some -- we'll call them hot spots, but some major target areas that concern us. We ended up having hazardous materials roll over on that area, which is dangerous for the environment. It stops traffic, and it ties up our resources for on an average of 11 hours, meaning that our response time in Bagdad for someone who's got a kid who's choking and/or a fire is going to be at 20

minutes when it's normally about four minutes.

guys today. Like I said, this comes up as a target hazard for us quite frequently, and hopefully you guys can maybe take some time to take a closer look at State Route 97. I believe there's a lot of incidents that could be prevented, including faster response times to State Route 93, which keep us very, very busy. So thank you for your time.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Thank you.

MR. TUNIS: (Inaudible.)

11 CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Tom Jones, President of

12 CTI, Inc.

MR. JONES: Good morning -- good morning,
Chairman, and members of the Board. Thank you for having me.
As you said, my name is Tom Jones. I am the president of CTI.

CTI, for those of you who don't know, we've been operating since the early '30s as an aggregate hauler, and in the '40s when the cement plant was built in Clarkdale, we began moving cement. And then later, towards the '70s, we started to market and haul fly ash. All important ingredients that you guys specify in your road work.

So over the years, CTI has done a majority of all the road work that you guys authorize, and then as we got in the '70s, we began doing work with mines. So we're today 500 employees strong, about six or seven locations in Arizona.

We're the largest transporter for the mining industry, and the ready mix and power industry.

I think you guys all have the packet that I had distributed to you guys. I've seen a few of you thumb through it. I'm not going to make anybody walk through this, but on the cover, you can see a beautiful picture of State Route 97, and you can see a nice wide space to the right of it. But as you thumb through the accident photos, you'll see where the accident that Anthony and Michael have talked about, the hot spots.

There isn't enough road -- there's not enough room on the side of the road to travel through that when there is an oncoming vehicle coming. So these accidents actually happen because the rear wheel of the trailer, if it gets off the edge of that road, you can see from the photos there's no -- there's no point of recovery. So I'm here to advocate the spot improvements that Michael and Anthony are asking for. Thank you for your time. Have a great day.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Thank you.

Okay. Kara Harris. She's a citizen, and she's speaking for herself about the widening of Highway 82 between Sonoita and 90.

MS. HARRIS: Well, as I follow you all over the state on my own dime, because I don't work for any kind of construction company. I'm not an engineer. I'm just an old bag who rides a bike.

It takes me a mile and a half to get -- in

Cochise County to get from my street, which is off Highway 82,

to Highway 90 where I'm safer. I have four lanes, although

people are hit all the time in those lanes, too. I respect the

traffic. I've seen an exponential increase in traffic since

NAFTA, and my county supervisor, who by the way this morning,

Peggy Judd, is on the SEAGO Committee. She is in Safford, I

think, and they are meeting, and I've told her do not forget me.

I want SEAGO to partner with you. She gave me some little

misinformation. I missed -- there was no board meeting on

Tuesday in Bisbee, and I drove down for that. I will go to the

county supervisors. I will ask. I will plead.

I just don't want to get killed on 82. I have about 18 inches to ride my bike, and as I hear engineers and people talk about different needs in the state, I feel like it's a little drop in the bucket for you guys, because there are bigger needs, like the highway where the trucks are going off the road. But when these 18-wheelers who are now coming from Nogales to 90 come by, I have 18 inches with two 18-wheelers, one coming and going, or 18-wheel trucks, commercial vehicles. And that's real scary for me, and I try to stay on my 18 inches.

For the immediate, the one thing that was just mentioned, I would just like the eastbound 18 inches repaired. The fissures on the road are so bad, they'll jar my teeth in my mouth. And I do try to stay on the right side of that white

line. People traveling up and down that road don't do 65 miles an hour coming out of Sonoita. They are doing in excess of 70 to 80 miles an hour, and when we try to turn off our streets in a vehicle, they're right on us.

So I would just like to ask you to consider widening 82 from Sonoita or even just into Whetstone so we have a place to ride, and so our cars are safer, because as they've opened up the subdivision across from my street, we have a double solid line that the vehicles don't even respect. And DPS even tells me it's a problem, because I give pie to my DPS officers. Not to buy them off or anything, but because I like them out there, and I wish they were on 82 more. But they have to spend a lot of their time on 90 where, you know, the traffic accidents are, and it's a bigger highway.

So, you know, I have nothing but respect for all these engineers that are bringing all these needs before you, and again, I feel like it's a little drop in the bucket, but I hope you consider my hide. I'm 65 years old, raising my great-granddaughter, and I don't want to leave her grandmotherless, or motherless. And I can't even let her ride her bike between my house and 90, because it's too scary, and there's no off the road place for us. So thank you for your time. I'll see you in Morenci next month.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Bill Lenhardt, the Manager from Sunbelt Development in Kingman. (Inaudible.)

MR. LENHARDT: Close enough. I brought props.

Thank you very much. Bill Lenhardt with Sunbelt Development, and we own a large tract of land in Kingman,

Arizona. I'm speaking for the I-11 Kingman connector project.

So we assembled this large tract of land over a period of 10 years with the intent to develop. There's been a barrier for development in Kingman. It's the lack of infrastructure. (Inaudible.) So you can see this. So this is the area that we affected by the Rancho Santa Fe interchange and parkway. The area in red represents the area that's -- the land that's currently developable. The area in yellow represents the land that is not developable due to a lack of infrastructure. The infrastructure deficiencies are access and utilities.

So with ADOT's support, we get access. The Kingman connector project will include this interchange and the parkway. That's a big step in the right direction. That gives us access to our property. It also will service the Kingman Industrial Airport.

The landowners -- and that's who I'm speaking for is the landowners -- the landowners would like to expand the project with the City, and what we'd like to do is we'd like to add infrastructure, and we'll do that through a public-private partnership. We've had conversations with the City and the County, and we are working on our financing solutions, but we believe that we can obtain our financing. But it starts with

access, ADOT.

So when we get access and infrastructure, we get this. We get massive land developments. So this is our proposed project. It's 1,000 acres, mixed use, industrial, residential. You see along here, here's our interchange, here's our parkway. We have been, as I mentioned, working with the City. We've pledged to contribute 20 acres of land for a park, four acres for police and fire station, and we own 1.25 miles of frontage where these improvements will eventually go. And we've agreed -- pre-agreed to donate that right-of-way, as has the other landowners, the ones that we don't own, have expressed their willingness to cooperate with ADOT as well. But it starts with access. It starts with you guys.

So Kingman has never needed ADOT's support more than it does right now. One thing I would like to mention is that the City of Kingman hired a consultant, an economic development consultant that (inaudible) -- okay. Thank you. Thank you -- to examine the Kingman economy or the market and how to improve economic development. I happened to hear on the same agenda as they did when they presented their findings to the City. Their definition of the number one thing that would help Kingman described our project identically. Thank you, sir.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Thank you.

Okay. So we've worked our way through the stack of public input forms. Do we have any more?

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                    UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:
                                           (Inaudible.)
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                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. So that will
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     conclude the call to the audience.
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                    UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:
                                           (Inaudible.)
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                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah. Okay. Yeah.
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     have a couple more comments associated with later in the
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     contracts section. So we'll hold off on those for now.
                    So we'll move on to Item 1 on the agenda, the
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     director's report. Director John Halikowski will provide the
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     director's report for information and discussion only.
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                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: Actually, Mr. Chairman, in the
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     interest of time, I don't really have anything new for the Board
     today. So with your permission, I'd like to (inaudible).
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                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Sure. So we'll go on to
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     Item 2 on the agenda, which is the district engineer's report.
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     Alvin Stump, the Northwest District Engineer, will provide an
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     update and overview of regional issues for -- of significance
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     for information and discussion.
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                    MR. STUMP: All right. Well, good morning
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     Mr. Chair, Board, Director. I'm going to give a guick update on
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     upcoming projects here locally.
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                    Right now we have a pavement preservation project
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     kind of winding down through town, and then also about 30 miles
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     north of here we have a a little bridge rehabilitation project
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underway, and then we've also been doing some flushing both on

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US-60 and US-93. And then later on next year, we'll be -expect to start the Carrow-Stephens widening project just north
of Wikieup. And then, also, we have some chip seal projects
coming up between Wenden and Aguila as well.

This is just -- kind of shows you the -- our outlook for expansion projects in the next few years. You know, obviously starting with Carrow-Stephens, and then the gap project would be the next one in '20, and then followed by Cane Springs and the West Kingman TI in -- up there, and then Big Jim Wash. And then, of course, we've got a lot -- a lot of focus on I-17 as well.

We do have a couple of planning studies. The one that you've already heard about if you -- if you haven't been on 97, it's a pretty windy road, and the mine's paid for the study to look at, you know, what happens if they expand their operation, looking to get a normal high speed roadway to US-93, no swales. Looking at the -- you know, some of these sharp curves, can they be softened to help out a little bit there? So -- and then here on US-60 between Wickenburg and 74, we're just kicking off a corridor profile study to look at future safety improvements and capacity needs as well.

And then our big project here, the gap project, we're moving along nicely. This project has been divided into two projects. Basically, north of Wickenburg Ranch is Project A. Project B is everything to the south. Both projects are

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     roughly at 60 percent designed. Project A will -- it's planning
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     to advertise in June. Project B, while the design will be done,
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     there's a lot more right-of-way acquisition that will take
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     place. So it will follow by a year.
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                    And we have -- signing the joint project
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     agreement between ADOT, the Town and the developer in the
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     summer, and that's -- the developer's bringing almost $10
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     million to the -- to the overall projects. Most of that's going
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     to fund Project A, but whatever's left over will contribute to
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     Project B. So that's it for my update.
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                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes.
                                                 Thank you.
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                    MR. STUMP: Questions?
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                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Comments? Questions?
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     Board Member -- Board Member Thompson.
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                    MR. THOMPSON: Can you explain to me what's
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     involved in flushes?
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                    MR. STUMP: Yeah. That's the -- spraying the oil
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     that rejuvenates the surface of the roadway.
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                    MR. THOMPSON:
                                  Okay.
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                    MR. STUMP: Fogging. It's a -- you know --
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                    MR. THOMPSON: I'm kind of thinking in terms of
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     culvert washout (inaudible).
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                    MR. STUMP: No. I got you. Different type of
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     flushing.
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                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON:
                                           Okay.
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                    MR. STUMP: Yeah.
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                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Other questions? Board
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     Member Stratton.
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                    MR. STRATTON: Alvin, you said the developer's
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     contributing 9.8 million. What's the total cost?
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                    MR. STUMP: Between the two projects, it's
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     probably close to about 45, you know, looking at the two
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     estimates. One's a -- I think when we get to 60 percent
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     estimate on Project A, we're going to see it around 7, 7 and a
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     half million, and the other one's around 38.
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                    MR. STRATTON: Thank you.
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                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay.
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                    MR. STUMP: Thank You, sir.
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                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Thank you.
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                    Okay. Moving on to Item No. 3 on the agenda is
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     the consent agenda. So board members consider items included in
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     the consent agenda, for information and possible action. Are
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     there any items the board members would like to have pulled for
     individual discussion from the consent agenda?
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20
                    Okay. Hearing none, is there a motion to approve
21
     the consent agenda as presented?
22
                    MR. HAMMOND: So moved.
23
                    MR. KNIGHT: Second.
24
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Moved by Board Member
25
     Hammond, seconded by Board Member Knight. Any discussion?
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1
                    All in favor indicate by saying aye.
 2
                    BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.
 3
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Opposed, nay. Ayes have
 4
     it. Motion passes.
 5
                    Okay. Item 4, this is the legislative report.
 6
     Floyd, are you presenting the legislative report today?
 7
                    MR. ROEHRICH: Actually, Mr. Chair we have Bill
     Fathauer from the legislative (inaudible).
 8
 9
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Oh, okay.
10
                    MR. ROEHRICH: Bill will be presenting the
11
     legislative report.
12
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah. Pardon me,
13
     Mr. Fathauer.
14
                    MR. ROEHRICH: But since he isn't here very
15
     often, by no means you have to take it easy on him.
16
                    MR. FATHAUER: Thank you, Floyd.
17
                    MR. ROEHRICH: If he says something you don't
18
     agree with, make sure he knows about it.
19
                    MR. FATHAUER: Mr. Chairman, board members, thank
20
     you. In the interest of time, I'll just give a very brief
21
     update about the recent legislative election and what that could
22
     possibly mean for transportation going forward into the next
23
     session.
24
                    As of right now we expect the state Senate to
25
     remain the same balance between parties that it was last
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session. However, there are some developments in membership that are very beneficial for -- for ADOT and for transportation. Two of the three top positions in the chamber will now be occupied by former transportation committee chairmen, including incoming Senate president Karen Fann, who represents part of the town of Wickenburg. In the -- as well as Senator Rick Gray, who also is a state -- or committee chairman of ours, a very good relationship with the department.

In the House, the division -- or the Republicans have kept the majority by only a single vote. One of the new incoming members is actually a former transportation board member, Arlando Teller. But because of that very narrow majority, we expect there to be much fewer -- much fewer bills introduced and a much more narrow focus on big issues like education and transportation. So that could be very beneficial to us as well.

Because of that narrow majority, we've also been asked -- all agencies have been asked to pare down our legislative requests to the governor by quite a bit. So we've introduced -- or proposed a very narrow group of bills targeted mainly towards compliance with federal regulations and the furtherance of the department strategic plan.

We've not received confirmation on which proposals that we've given the governor will be included in his executive agenda for next year; however, we expect to hear very

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1
     soon, and I will have more information about exactly what we
 2
     will be pursuing legislatively at the next board meeting in
 3
     December.
 4
                    But beyond that, I'm happy to answer any general
 5
     questions about the -- about the upcoming legislative session
 6
     and how it relates to the priorities of the Board.
 7
                    MR. KNIGHT: Mr. Chair.
 8
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes. Board Member Knight.
 9
                    MR. KNIGHT: Bill, is there any proposal for the
10
     Legislature to consider raising the gas tax?
11
                    MR. FATHAUER: Board Member Knight, we have --
12
     the department is not pursuing that specifically, but that has
13
     been a topic of discussion amongst both leadership in the
14
     Legislature and the membership in general. That was a big
15
     discussion -- topic of discussion last year. It didn't end up
16
     going through, but it's probably very likely that that will be
17
     proposed in some fashion at some point during the next session.
18
                    MR. KNIGHT:
                                 Thank you.
19
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: Mr. Chairman.
20
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes.
21
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: To Mr. Knight's point, I just
22
     want to keep board members informed. We often talk about
     raising the gas tax, but if you're following trends in the
23
24
     commercial vehicle industry, and in the passenger vehicle arena,
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also, the proliferation of alternative fuel vehicles continues.

25

A number of Class A vehicle manufacturers — those are your big 18—wheelers — are developing fully electric power units, and the number of compressed natural gas facilities to fuel trucks across the country continues to grow. So one caution for our Legislature is as we move forward, we have to be able to look at a myriad of propulsion units and forms. The gas tax continues to be a shrinking part of that for the future.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Thank you. Board Member Hammond.

MR. HAMMOND: Wouldn't the, you know, solution,

John, be kind of a combination of revenue sources that would be

there to -- for the gas cars?

MR. HALIKOWSKI: Based on my research, I believe that is the correct answer, but you really have to look at a myriad of funding sources, because as we've learned with the gasoline tax, when those revenues begin to go down, our HURF is affected, and obviously that affects our capital on preservation programs.

just how much money needs to be generated. We could give you those numbers. It's what will policymakers and the public support as far as a revenue system? I know that D.C. continues to play around with the ideas of a vehicle miles traveled for a revenue system. ADOT stays at the forefront of that as part of a consortium of Western states following Oregon's pilot.

Getting the big brother issue out of that continues to be problematic somewhat. And if you look at the gasoline tax, it's an excellent way to collect revenue, because it's involuntarily. You basically pay at the pump. With the vehicle miles traveled, tax collection becomes more problematic.

So these are the questions that not only D.C., but Arizona continues to wrestle with as it moves into the future. What's the right combination of revenue sources that the public would support if you buy into the fact that revenue -- or transportation needs more revenue? I would say that people seem to agree move revenue's needed, but actually getting that prospect put into -- into some form of law seems to still be quite a discussion.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Thank you. Thanks. Any comments (inaudible) Board Member Thompson.

MR. THOMPSON: There's an increase in the state revenue funds that's anticipated. What is the chance of that (inaudible) being used for transportation? In your experience, how has that worked out?

MR. FATHAUER: Board Member Thompson, it is certainly a possibility that members of the Legislature could utilize that -- that additional revenue to provide funding to various different projects, but I would anticipate based on what I'm -- I've heard from -- from the Legislature that education is also going to be a very big priority for that money as well as

several other major issues.

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2 So as per the usual, we're going to be 3 competing -- transportation would be competing with a myriad of 4 other state priorities for whatever portion of that money would 5 be spent on them. And I think certainly, also, the 6 Legislature's going to be very cautious because of what they've 7 experienced in the past with the cyclical economy to not spend -- certainly not spend all of that -- that additional revenue 8 9 that we have. They're definitely going to want to bank some of 10 that for -- for -- effectively for a rainy day in the future, in 11 case -- in case the economy does not continue to grow at the 12 pace it is right now.

MR. THOMPSON: Chairman, one other question.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Sure.

MR. THOMPSON: Or a comment. Where I'm coming from is that (inaudible) and just make sure -- and the governor, and in order to achieve (inaudible) performance for our young people, especially on the rural area, we've got to have a better transportation system. We have to have an (inaudible), because there's about several -- 8, 10 school districts that have to bring the kids from the (inaudible.) So that's where I'm coming from. Thank you.

MR. FATHAUER: Understood.

MR. KNIGHT: Mr. Chair.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes. Board Member Knight.

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                    MR. KNIGHT: One thing that did come out at the
 2
     Rural Transportation Summit and along those lines, in lieu of a
 3
     gas tax, but something that would be fair and cover all vehicles
 4
     would be tire, tire tax, which doesn't matter what kind of
 5
     vehicle you drive. You have to have tires. So anyway, that
 6
     would be a fair -- that would encompass everybody that uses our
 7
     highways, no matter what type of fuel they use to get around.
 8
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: Well, and to that point
 9
     Mr. Knight, certainly, again, it's not a matter of how -- what
10
     the number is. It's how you want to get there. And a tire tax
11
     is certainly something that you can look at, but when you look
12
     at something like gasoline or vehicle miles traveled, you're not
13
     depending on people who are just buying tires in Arizona.
14
     You're depending on, also, all the people that come in to visit,
15
     and with the tire tax, if I'm not buying my tires in the state,
16
     I'm still using the infrastructure, but not necessarily paying
17
     for it. So when we look at revenue sources, we try to spread
18
     out that base to encompass all of the traffic that we get
19
     through the state.
20
                    MR. KNIGHT: Certainly. And I didn't -- it
21
     wasn't put out as a single revenue source. Part of all of the
22
     above.
23
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: Thank you.
24
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Thank you. Okay.
25
     discussion.
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1 Thank you, Mr. Fathauer.

2 MR. FATHAUER: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Continuing on to

Item 5 on the agenda. Kristine Ward, Chief Financial Officer,

will provide an update on the financial report, for information
and discussion.

7 MS. WARD: (Inaudible.) Well, good morning. 8 It's a pleasure to see you all.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Good morning.

MS. WARD: Let's start off with HURF. We are a little out of our target zone. We're in the yellow because our forecast isn't -- we're actually 1 percent above forecast. The key drivers to that are diesel fuels. Diesel fuel use tax has come in above -- above forecast, as well as our VLT revenues. We are pleased to say that the average cost of a new car has now topped \$30,000, which we have -- we have not experienced up until now.

I threw -- I had asked our team -- you know, I come in here and I provide you forecasts every -- every month, and I had asked the team to go back and take a look at how we fared when we looked at our forecasts over a long term. What you see in front of you is a look at -- on the X axis, it shows you every year the panel, the forecasting panel gets together and forecasts future revenues. And we forecast 20 years out on the Highway User Revenue Fund. What you see here is each year's

forecast -- each panel's forecast of FY 2018. After we get past the fiscal crisis of 2008 and 2009, you'll see we fall right into our target range of plus or minus 5 percent of forecast.

This is -- this is important, and I wasn't -- I didn't actually have this done to show you, but rather to give myself comfort that we were actually performing -- performing well. And so what you see is in 2010, we were just a little less than 3 percent when we forecasted 2018, which was 18 years in the future. So our forecast, I just wanted to demonstrate for you that -- thought I'd share that we're doing fairly well on our forecast, and this folds in quite a bit to our bond ratings.

In terms of our Regional Area Road Fund, we're a little -- just a little above forecast. Revenues are right within target range, and I have nothing significant to report on Regional Area Road Fund.

Like HURF, we are also running -- when we examine our long-term accuracy, accuracy of our long-term forecasts, we're running right within range except for when those pesky great recessions occur like in 2008 and 2009. Please forgive us. We didn't get that one right.

In terms of -- I'd like to spend a minute now and talk to you about something we discussed last month. So last month I spoke to you about the fact that Standard & Poor's, one of the rating agencies that we use to rate our bonds, was

redoing their -- their methodology for evaluations for rating issuers and credits. And I also gave you -- I let you know that in doing so, we were very concerned about a potential downgrade.

Well, yesterday S & P issued their new ratings.

Now, remember we have three credits. We issue HURF bonds,

Highway User Revenue Bonds. We issue RARF bonds, Regional Area

Road Fund bonds, and we issue GAN, Grant Anticipation Notes.

Grant Anticipation Notes are not impacted by this. They are

associated with bonding against future federal revenues.

So the two credits we need -- we were most concerned about were our HURF bonds and our RARF bonds. So each rating agency has its own methodology for developing ratings for -- for bonds. S & P re-evaluated theirs, and what they were particularly focusing on is how insulated a particular bond is against legislatures and -- basically, operating risks. What is the risk that the revenues that will be used to pay the debt service to support these bond issues, what is the risk that those revenues will be diverted?

When they come in, and we had a couple of conversations with them trying to guide them and educate them on our HURF and our RARF credit, what we have here with our HURF credit is that the bulk of our -- the revenue sources that flow into HURF are protected through the Constitution. But there is one portion of the HURF revenues that represents 30 percent of the overall revenues, vehicle license tax, which is not

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     protected. And as you were probably aware, I know we've
 2
     discussed it before, there have been diversions, sweeps,
     transfers of VLT funds.
 3
 4
                    So right now our HURF credit prior, as rated by
 5
     Standard & Poor's, was a AAA. They have downgraded our HURF
 6
     credit to a AA plus. The State -- the State's rating, which is
 7
     which is who they are linking us with, is a AA. So we got
 8
     downgraded from a AAA to a AA plus. We are still above the
 9
     State's rating, because we have 70 percent -- the gas -- the
10
     fuel tax revenues are protected, but because we have that 30
11
     percent, that's why we got the downgrade.
12
                    Does that make sense? Are there any questions
13
     there?
14
                    Okay. With regards to the Regional Area --
15
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: Kristine. I'm sorry.
16
                    MS. WARD: Yes, sir.
17
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: Mr. Chairman, I just want the
18
     folks to understand what the 30 percent is. So the HURF is the
19
     70 percent, the gasoline tax?
20
                    MS. WARD: So I apologize. Let me -- let me
21
     rephrase that --
22
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: Thank you.
23
                    MS. WARD: -- a little if I may. So if you look
24
     at overall revenues flowing into HURF -- actually, I misstated
25
     the percent -- there are -- 50 percent of the revenues flowing
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1
     into HURF are from fuel taxes. They are protected by the
 2
     Constitution. 30 percent of the revenues flowing into HURF are
 3
     VLT taxes. They are not protected, and they have been subject
 4
     to sweeps in the past.
 5
                    Does that answer your question, sir?
 6
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: It does. I just wanted folks to
 7
     understand that the VLT is a general fund source in the HURF.
 8
                    MS. WARD: It is most certainly a risk that the
 9
     general fund has --
10
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: And the other 20 percent is then
11
     various fees --
12
                    MS. WARD: It's made up --
13
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: -- and driver's license --
14
                    MS. WARD: Registrations.
15
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: -- vehicle registration, license
16
     plates, (inaudible). Okay. Thank you.
17
                    MS. WARD: Okay. Any other questions before I
18
     move on? So back to Regional Area Road Fund.
19
                    MR. KNIGHT: Mr. Chair.
20
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes. Board Member Knight.
21
                    MR. KNIGHT: I do have one question. I know that
22
     the director was given the authority to adjust the VLT tax to
23
     pay for DPS, I think.
24
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: Well, let me clarify. I was not
25
     given authority to adjust the vehicle license tax. There are a
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couple of things you pay for at the time of registration.

Vehicle license tax fee, one of them based on the manufacturer's base retail price of the vehicle at the time of purchase. The other things that you pay are a registration fee, which is \$8.25. You pay an air quality fee. So there are a couple of different fees that are collected at the time of registration.

What the legislation gave me the authority to do was to establish by administrative rule a highway safety fee.

It's not part of the VLT, but it would be a separate fee collected at the time of registration, essentially to cover DPS highway patrol costs to avoid the shift out of the -- the HURF and the highway fund to govern those costs. (Inaudible.)

MR. KNIGHT: Okay. And basically my question is then that amount that you are entitled to do for (inaudible), can that -- that can't be swept, is that correct, for DPS?

MR. HALIKOWSKI: So any transportation-related fee that we collect is Constitutionally protected. So fees generated for transportation use. Unfortunately, the vehicle license tax, when it was put into effect, I think, in the 1930s, it was actually collected by county assessors. It's an in lieu property tax, and because it's a property tax, it's available for General Fund use.

So when you ask the question would the DPS fee be subject to being swept, the question is then are you just simply taking it out of one pocket and putting it into another?

1 So really what the (inaudible) was trying to 2 avoid is taking an inordinate amount out of that VLT to fund 3 General Fund purposes. If you look at history, it hasn't been 4 just DPS. VLT's been used to fund other General Fund gaps under 5 other administrations over my past 30 years. 6 MS. WARD: Uh-huh. 7 MR. HALIKOWSKI: Historically, revenues and 8 bonding have filled those gaps, but (inaudible) we are 9 (inaudible) revenue (inaudible) forecast are pretty flat and 10 have not recovered fully from the recession. So that's why 11 things are very tight at this point, and the VLT becomes such a 12 hot issue as to what it's used for, and 100 percent of it, if 13 you look at it -- originally, when it was founded, it was for 14 education, and over the years the VLT by statute was distributed 15 to other purposes. So now the State collects the VLT at the 16 time of registration. The county assessor doesn't come to your 17 house anymore and look at your cars and write up the bill. But 18 it's still able to be swept out in the future. (Inaudible.) 19 Did I get that right, financial officer? 20 MS. WARD: Yes, sir. 21 MR. HALIKOWSKI: She teases me. 22 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Inaudible.) 23 MS. WARD: With regard to the Regional Area Road 24 Fund, we were fortunate there because that fee, that -- I'm 25 sorry -- that tax is the result of a voter initiative. So it is

protected by the Voter Protection Act. And so what Standard & Poor's did on that one is we were able to educate them enough that we did not experience a change in our rating on the Regional Area Road Fund credit.

In terms of what we anticipate as an impact to future bond issues, we actually don't anticipate much of an impact. Moody's has already -- had already, a couple of years ago, incorporated this into their rating, and this actually will bring Standard & Poor's in line with what our Moody's rating is.

The other reason is the underlying fundamentals of this credit have not changed a bit. This has been the circumstance for years, and then we have -- in our official statements that we provide with each issue, we make clear and depict for potential investors that there have been sweeps in the past and that that is still a potential. So we don't anticipate any significant impact in terms of additional costs.

I'd also like to point out that ADOT was not the only one in Arizona, only issuer in Arizona, that got -- experienced this downgrade. The School Facilities Board also went -- had the same experience of moving from a AAA to a AA plus.

So with that, I'd be happy to take any questions. This is -- this is not great news, but fortunately the underlying fundamentals of the credit remain sound, and this is solely the result of a rating agency changing their methodology.

It is certainly, however, in our best interest to watch and be cautious of any future diversions.

I will send out to you the S & P write-up and what they state about the credit. I think it -- it might be interesting to you if you're mildly an insomniac. But it outlines very clearly what they have looked at in this downgrade, and it has -- it is solely based on how protected those revenue sources are. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Thank you.

Okay. We'll move on Item 6, Multimodal Planning Division report. Greg Byers, Division Director of the Multimodal Planning Division will present an update on the current planning activities pursuant to ARS \$28-506, for information and discussion.

MR. BYRES: Thank you, Mr. Chair, board members.

Just to -- I'll make this real short.

We have completed our P2P process, which is the prioritization of projects going from planning to programming. That was completed yesterday, and it actually worked out really well. Out of the top 20 projects that were prioritized, nine of those projects were -- made the top 20 last year, but did not make it into the program. So our prioritization is staying very consistent. So they will hit in the top ten this -- during this period. So there's a good chance that those are going in.

So these projects that are coming through the P2P

process, they're not only new projects, but they're projects that have come through the process in the past but didn't get into the program. So it's good to see that these projects, if they -- as they were prioritized in the past are hitting and going through the entire process as we go through year to year. So it was a good check to see that our process is working well, and it -- and it is.

So over the next couple of months, we will take those prioritized projects and start looking at putting them into the program. So we'll -- we'll go through the process. One of the big things that we're doing now is our planning level scoping. We'll take the top 20, 25 projects that went through. Nine of those projects were -- went through our planning level scoping last year. They will be updated to the current year to make sure that our costs are sufficient and have gone through all of the requirements that we have in our current planning level scoping, as well as all of the new projects that came through as well. So that takes about two or three months to get all those done.

Upon completion of that, we will have a true scope for the project as well as a unit cost estimate for each of those projects. So that's -- that's a big thing to make sure that as these projects get put in the program, they're accurate for cost and they're accurate for scope. And so that's -- that's what we're trying to do.

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                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Board Member
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     Stratton.
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                    MR. STRATTON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
                                                             Since
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     your process is complete for this year, will you be supplying
 5
     the Board with the top 20 list?
 6
                    MR. BYRES: What will be done is as we put the
 7
     program together, come the end of December when we have a
 8
     tentative program put together, we'll -- we can -- we'll have
 9
     those listed out in that program. But we can give you a list of
10
     the priority projects as well.
11
                    MR. STRATTON: I was just interested in seeing
12
     what the top 20 was.
13
                    MR. BYRES: We can certainly do that.
14
                    MR. STRATTON:
                                   Thank you.
15
                    MR. BYRES: So that was all I had.
16
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Okay. Thank you.
17
                    We'll move on to Item 7 then, Priority Planning
18
     Advisory Committee. Greg will present recommended PPAC action,
19
     including consideration of changes to the 2019-2023 Statewide
20
     Transportation Program, for discussion and possible action.
21
                    MR. BYRES: Thank you.
22
                    Mr. Chair, board members, PPAC brings forth -- we
23
     have a total of five projects. Three of them are project
24
     modifications. Those are Items 7A, 7B and 7C, and PPAC brings
25
     those to you with a recommendation for approval.
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1
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Can I entertain or
 2
     do we have a motion to accept and approve --
 3
                    MR. KNIGHT: Chair.
 4
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: -- project modifications
 5
     items -- new project modification Items 7A through 7C as
 6
     presented?
 7
                    MR. KNIGHT: I do have a question on 7A.
 8
                    MR. BYRES: Yes.
 9
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes.
10
                    MR. KNIGHT: When I read through the increase
11
     that you're asking for, in item -- on Item 26, on page 157,
12
     you've listed consultant, staff, ICAP, which -- which totals
13
     267K, yet you're asking for 287K. Is that just a typo or is
14
     there a reason there's $20,000 difference or?
15
                    MR. BYRES: I'm trying to go through.
16
     talking about the -- the consultant, staff and ICAP?
17
                    MR. KNIGHT: Yes.
18
                    MR. BYRES: Totals?
19
                    MR. KNIGHT: That -- yeah. That -- yeah.
20
     all totaled 267K, which is -- but your -- you know, the total
21
     you're asking for increases, but I thought what we were looking
22
     at in Item 26 was why were the items that caused it to need the
23
     additional 287? Maybe that's not correct. I don't know, but --
24
                    MR. BYRES: Unless we have an error in the
25
     addition here. The total amount -- there's an arithmetic error
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1
     down on the bottom down there, or actually, just a -- an item
 2
     that is incorrect. The 287 is the amount that we're looking
 3
     for.
 4
                    MR. KNIGHT: Okay.
 5
                    MR. BYRES: So there's just a -- there's an error
 6
     in the amount. That's -- that's dedicated, and that should be
 7
     the amount that's under the consultant.
                    MR. KNIGHT: Okay. Thank you.
 8
 9
                    MR. BYRES: So...
10
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Any other questions on any
11
     items or any new items you want pulled for individual discussion
12
     of the new projects?
13
                    MR. THOMPSON: Chairman, I would move for
14
     approval.
15
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay.
16
                    MR. KNIGHT: Second.
17
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. We've got a motion.
18
     I think -- we've got a motion approve items -- new project items
19
     9 -- 7A through 7C as presented by Board Member Thompson,
20
     seconded by Board Member Knight. Further discussion?
21
                    All in favor indicate by saying aye.
22
                    BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.
23
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Opposed, nay? Ayes have
24
     it. The motion passes.
25
                    MR. BYRES: Okay. We have two more items.
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1
     is Items 7D and 7E. These are two new projects. These are
 2
     airport projects that are funded through the Aviation Fund.
 3
     These are projects that were beyond that that were listed in the
 4
     current program. And PPAC is bringing these to you with a
 5
     recommendation for approval.
 6
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Ouestions from board
 7
     members on any of the items? Pull for further discussion?
 8
                    If not, do I have a motion to approve items --
 9
     new project Items 7D through 7E as presented?
10
                    MR. SELLERS: So moved.
11
                    MR. KNIGHT: Second.
12
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Moved by Vice Chair
13
     Sellers, seconded by Board Member Knight. Any discussion?
14
                    All in favor indicate by saying aye.
15
                    BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.
16
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Opposed, nay. The motion
17
     -- I say the motion passes.
18
                    MR. BYRES: Thank you.
19
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Moving on to Item 8
20
     on the agenda. Dallas Hammit, the Director of
21
     Transportation/State Engineer will provide the report showing
22
     the status of highway projects under construction for
23
     information and discussion.
24
                    MR. HAMMIT: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
25
                    Currently ADOT has 105 projects under
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construction totaling \$1.7 billion. In October we finalized 11 projects, totaling 21.2 million, and year to date, we have finalized 34 projects.

One thing that I -- I guess want to bring up to the Board and remind everyone, what our folks do out on the roadways, ADOT and our contractor partners, is very dangerous work and that hit home today. While I've been sitting in the audience, I got an email. The industry lost a person out on the roadway today. It was a contractor employee. They were hit while working on a project. It's very sobering that -- what we're asking our folks, both ADOT and our industry partners, that it is dangerous work, and we need to appreciate those folks. But I did want to let the Board know it happened in the Phoenix area. We're still waiting on more details, but that's things we have to watch every day as we move forward.

With that I have no more in the state engineer's report.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: My heart certainly goes out to (inaudible).

Any questions or comments?

Okay. As we move on to construction contracts, the board members have had a chance to look at it, and just before we get into this, you'll -- you'll have recognized one of the items on the -- in the contracts, Item 9C is listed, and that should look familiar. You'll recall in the October meeting

we postponed the award of this contract to allow the state engineer the opportunity to conduct a hearing regarding the contractor prequalification process. That hearing has taken place.

It's my understanding that in the audience we have some folks that were contractors involved in the bid process that would like to address the Board, and I would like to give them the opportunity to talk at the appropriate time.

So -- but I think kind of in the interest of continuity of this, I would like to take Item 9C and just bump it to the end. And so we'll do the Items 9A and B, and then we'll go on to Items E and G, and then we'll leave C at the end, because -- so we don't lose some of that continuity, if that's okay. Will that work?

MR. ROEHRICH: Yeah.

MR. HAMMIT: For me, Mr. Chairman, I was going to make that recommendation. So thank you.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Okay. All right. Well, good. Good. So if you will, then just proceed, I guess, with Item 9A.

MR. HAMMIT: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

Item 9A is a project it's an intersection improvement in Santa Cruz County. The low bid was \$2,932,000. The State's estimate was \$2,334,471. It was under the State's estimate by \$597,529, or 25.6 percent. As we reviewed the bid, we did have better than expected pricing in -- excuse me --

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1
     higher than expected pricing in mobilization and asphaltic
 2
     concrete as well as aggregate base. The department has reviewed
 3
     the bid and believes it is a responsive and responsible bid and
 4
     would recommend award to KE & G Construction, Inc.
 5
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Questions by board
 6
     members?
 7
                    Okay. Hearing none, is there a motion to accept
 8
     and -- accept staff's recommendation to award Item 9A to KE & G
 9
     Construction as presented?
10
                    MR. HAMMOND: So moved.
11
                    MR. KNIGHT: Second.
12
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Moved by Board Member
13
     Hammond, seconded by Board Member Knight. Any discussion?
14
                    Hearing none, all in favor indicate by saying
15
     aye.
16
                    BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.
17
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Opposed, nay. Ayes have
18
     it. Motion passes.
19
                    MR. HAMMIT: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
20
                    Item 9B, this project is in Yavapai County at
21
     various locations. It's a sign project. The low bid was
22
     $199,626. The State's estimate was $257,646. It was under the
23
     estimate by $58,021, or 22.5 percent. We saw the biggest
24
     differences in installation of the signpost and mobilization.
25
     The department has reviewed the bid and believes that it is a
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1
     responsive and responsible bid and recommends award to Sunline
 2
     Contracting, Inc., or excuse me, Sunline Contracting, LLC.
 3
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Any questions?
 4
                    All right. Do I have a motion to accept staff's
 5
     recommendation for Item 9B and award contract to Sunline
 6
     Contracting, LLC, as presented?
 7
                    MR. KNIGHT: So moved.
 8
                    MR. STRATTON: Second.
 9
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Moved by Board Member
10
     Knight, seconded by Board Member Stratton. Any discussion?
11
                    All in favor indicate by saying aye.
12
                    BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.
13
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Opposed, nay. The ayes
14
     have it. Motion passes.
15
                    So we'll skip 9C and go to 9D.
16
                    MR. HAMMIT: Thank you Mr. Chair.
17
                    Item 9D is a project on Interstate 10. It
18
     involves ADA improvements along that corridor, mainly on ramps,
19
     curb improvements, sidewalks and pedestrian signals.
20
     bid was $9,956,306. The State's estimate was $8,204,690.
21
     was over the State's estimate by $1,748,616, or 21.3 percent.
22
     We saw higher than expected pricing in the roadway excavation,
23
     the (inaudible) concrete and the concrete barrier used on the
24
     project. The department has reviewed the bid and believes it is
25
     a responsive and responsible bid and recommends award to FNF
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1 Construction, Inc. 2 CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. 3 MR. SELLERS: Mr. Chair. 4 CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: So -- Vice Chair Sellers, 5 do you have a question? 6 MR. SELLERS: Is there any concern at all that 7 there's only bid on this contract? 8 MR. HAMMIT: Mr. Chair, Member Sellers, we would 9 have liked to have seen more, but as we reviewed the bid, we do 10 think it was a responsive and responsible bid. So we think we 11 got a good bid. But like a lot of -- we would have liked to 12 seen more, but we don't see any anomaly with the one bid. 13 MR. SELLERS: Thank you. 14 CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Board Member Knight, you 15 also had a question. 16 MR. KNIGHT: Yes. Thank you. 17 In looking at -- and I know we're going to do 9C 18 separate, but in looking at 9C and 9D, they -- 9D encompasses 19 the area that 9C does and more. It looks like there are a lot 20 of common elements in both of them other than the bridges. I 21 was just wondering with only one bidder, would it -- and both 9D 22 and 9C came in over, would -- would it might have been better to 23 -- to lump both of those together? I mean, we've got six 24 bidders for 9C. Might it have been better to lump the two

together and -- and that way we would have gotten more bidders,

25

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1
     perhaps more interest in doing the entire project, including the
 2
     bridges? Just an observation from looking at what we're doing.
 3
                    MR. HAMMIT: Right. Mr. Chairman, Member Knight,
 4
     on this, it may have drawn in the project on 9C, specifically a
 5
     new interchange. Another difference in there, the current
 6
     project in front of you uses state and federal funds. The item
 7
     9C is strictly state funds or regional freeway funds, and we
     kept them separate. They were developed on a different time
 8
 9
     line. It was coincident that they came together. In hindsight,
10
     we definitely could have looked at that, but the -- the work on
11
     9D is not on the main line itself. It's on different
12
     intersections, as well as the TI, the interchange, but that's
13
     how it came about. We may have got more bidders if we'd have
14
     had it on one, but we didn't develop it that way.
15
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: No questions?
16
                    Okay. Do I have a motion to accept staff's
17
     recommendation to award the contract for Item 9D to FNF
18
     Construction, Inc., as presented?
19
                    MR. SELLERS: So moved.
20
                    MR. STRATTON: Second.
21
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Moved by Vice Chair
22
     Sellers, seconded by Board Member Stratton. Any discussion?
23
                    All in favor indicate by saying aye.
24
                    BOARD MEMBERS:
                                    Aye.
25
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Opposed, nay. Ayes have
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1
     it. Motion passes.
 2
                    MR. HAMMIT: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
 3
                    Item 9E, this is a bridge scour retrofit project
 4
     on Interstate 17. The low bid was $1,835,514. The State's
 5
     estimate was $1,472,318. It was over the State's estimate by
 6
     $363,196, or 24.7 percent. And the sole difference in this, it
 7
     is over the Verde River, and dewatering to put in the concrete
 8
     slab for the scour retrofit was the difference. The department
 9
     has reviewed the bid and believes it is a responsive and
10
     responsible bid and recommends award to NGU Contracting, Inc.
11
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Ouestions?
12
                    Do I have a motion to accept staff's
13
     recommendation to award the contract to NGU Contracting, Inc.,
14
     as presented?
15
                    MR. THOMPSON: So moved.
16
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Moved by Board Member
17
     Thompson.
18
                    MR. STRATTON: Second.
19
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Seconded by Board Member
20
     Stratton. Any discussion?
21
                    All in favor indicate by saying aye.
22
                    BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.
23
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Opposed, nay. Ayes have
24
     it. The motion passes.
25
                    MR. HAMMIT: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
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1
                    Item 9F is a project that we talked about last
 2
     month as well, and staff had recommended a postponement to have
 3
     a hearing. This project is a weigh-in-motion project near the
 4
     Topock port of entry. On the project, the low bid was $869,604.
 5
     The State's estimate was $678,448. It was over the State's
 6
     estimate by $191,156, or 28.2 percent. The department did hold
 7
     a hearing. The issue was DBE goal on the project. It was found
 8
     that the low bid -- and there was on this one only one bidder --
 9
     did not meet the DBE goal, and so the department's
10
     recommendation is to reject all bids and re-advertise.
11
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Ouestions?
12
                    Okay. Do I have a motion to accept staff's
     recommendation to reject all bids for 9F as presented?
13
14
                    MR. KNIGHT: So moved.
15
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Moved by Board Member
16
     Knight.
17
                    MR. SELLERS: Second.
18
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Seconded by Vice Chair
19
     Sellers.
20
                    All in favor indicate by saying aye.
21
                    BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.
22
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Opposed, nay. Ayes have
23
     it. Motion passes.
24
                    MR. HAMMIT: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
25
                    Item 9G this is a pavement preservation project
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1
     on State Route 95, out north of Lake Havasu, or in the Lake
 2
     Havasu area. The low bid was $9,177,450. The State's estimate
 3
     was $7,209,910. It was over the estimate by $1,967,540.
 4
     we saw the biggest difference was in the asphalt binder. Higher
 5
     than expected pricing there. The guardrail, and we had higher
 6
     than expected pricing in our slow paving. The department has
 7
     reviewed the bid and believes it is a responsive and responsible
     bid and recommends award to Fann Contracting, Inc.
 8
 9
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Questions?
10
                    Do I have a motion accept and approve staff's
11
     recommendation to award the contract to -- for Item 9G as
12
     presented to Fann Contracting, Inc.?
13
                    MR. HAMMOND: Mr. Chair, I'll move approval, but
14
     I have a question after we vote on this.
15
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. You want to wait
16
     until after we vote?
17
                    MR. HAMMOND: We can (inaudible.)
18
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. All right.
19
                    MR. STRATTON: Second.
20
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Moved by Board Member
21
     Hammond, seconded by Board Member Stratton. All in favor
22
     indicate by saying aye.
23
                    BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.
24
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Opposed, nay? Ayes have
25
     it. Motion passes.
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Mr. Hammond, your question.

MR. HAMMOND: Dallas, I think I've asked you this question before, but I'd like an update on how this -- these overruns, which are huge, are affecting or could affect our five-year plan, ten-year plan. I mean, are we looking at that, and are there any preliminary observations that can be made?

MR. HAMMIT: I'm going to go to this slide here. And we are looking at that, and as you can see, year to date, we are 7 and a half percent over our estimate. So we are watching this carefully, and if this trend continues, I will be working with the Planning Division, and we may have to reprogram the projects so we stay in fiscal constraint. We're not in crisis mode yet, but if it continues throughout the year, we're going to have to re-evaluate and see how we're doing. So yes, to answer your question, it could affect the program as we move forward.

MR. HAMMOND: Okay. Thank you.

MR. HALIKOWSKI: Mr. Chairman to that point,
Dallas, we met with the Association of General Contractors on
this issue, also.

MR. HAMMIT: Mr. Chairman, Director, yes, we have. We -- it was a basically a discussion. It was -- as prices are going up, what are the trends in the industry? Is there something that the department can do to better stimulate our projects, and is there something we could do to mitigate

those prices. And I think I reported last time what we're seeing, we're seeing some of the asphalt oils at higher prices.

I did look. Oil prices are going down, so hopefully we will see relief in that side.

But some of our biggest challenges right now are the labor. We're -- we do not have a lot of people in the industry. We have some very big projects in our state and in neighboring states that are pulling the labor force away. And there's also just a demand on -- from the development areas. As development grows, they pull away from our workforce as well. So those are some of the challenges that we're seeing that's driving some of those prices up.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Thank you, Dallas.

Anything -- any other questions on the item?

Okay. That brings us back to Item 9C, and I

think this is a little out of the ordinary, so this is kind of how I would like to proceed. Dallas can provide an overview of the contracting bid process.

We do have folks that would like to comment on that. So I will allow each contracting firm that was a bidder a total of 10 minutes. So that's a total composite time of 10 minutes. If you have three or four folks that want to speak from that firm, you need to compress it to 10 minutes, because I don't want to spend a lot of time here going over. But just to give the Board a sense of what -- what some of the discussion

was on this particular contract.

And once -- once they've all had a chance to speak, so if -- if you have -- I have a couple of request for input cards here already. If there's anybody else that hasn't filled one that represents a different contractor, please see Secretary Priano. And after they've had a chance to speak, I'll ask Dallas to come back and provide staff's recommendation for the Board's consideration.

So does that sound -- okay. Okay. Please proceed, Dallas.

MR. HAMMIT: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

Item 9C is a project on Interstate 10. It is a traffic interchange project. We're adding a new interchange.

On the project, the low bid as of today was 20 million 807 dollars -- or excuse me -- \$807,745. The State's estimate was 17 million -- let me start over, because I think I said that wrong. The low bid was \$20,807,745. The State's estimate was \$17,770,463. It was over the State's estimate by \$3,037,282 or 17.1 percent.

On this project, as you remember last month, I asked the Board to postpone, to hold the hearing. The question at the hearing was: Was the -- did the department follow proper process when they prequalified one of the bidders who ended up as the apparent low. The department held a hearing this past Tuesday, and discussion from both sides went forward, and the

1 department did make a recommendation that the process is 2 consistent with past methods of the department, and recommended 3 moving forward with that. But I would like the Board to -- I 4 quess turn my time over and let the contractors speak, and then 5

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Yeah. That sounds good. Any questions brought up from Dallas before we listen to these folks?

> Okay. Okay. Thanks.

I can reply at the end.

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So I'd like to invite -- so from Fisher Sand & Gravel Company, I have a couple folks. Tim Priebe, General Counsel, and also Tommy Fisher, President and CEO. So Tim and Tommy, however you want to split your time up. Go ahead and start the clock, Linda, and -- thank you.

MR. PRIEBE: Mr. Chairman, board members, thank you for the opportunity. I am Tim Priebe, General Counsel. Tommy Fisher, President and CEO of Fisher is also here. I'm going to try to keep my comments to five minutes.

Just to start out, we really appreciate the partnership that Fisher Sand & Gravel and the contractors have with ADOT. You know, we don't take the privilege of being here lightly to you folks. We don't come here often. We're second place bidders a lot. But this is a very important issue, and this is not a typical bid protest. The most important issue here isn't whether Sunland or Fisher bid -- builds this project. The most important issue for you today is the prequalification process that ADOT goes through.

ADOT has rules they're required to follow. Those rules haven't been updated for about 20 years. Over the course of the last 20 years, it appears that their practices have gotten a little looser, a little looser.

So just in very quick summary, their rules require a contractor to have a prequalification application. There is one application allowed under their rules. I'm holding it right here, and that was in the packet. I'm the guy that sent you the big stack of stuff yesterday. So I apologize for that. The only way you can get prequalified under ADOT's rules is to fill out this application. As part or their rules, it needs to be filled out and completed 15 days before the bid date. That's clear under their rules.

And what happened here is, you know, the way it came to light is we bid on this project like we do. We found out we're second. Sometimes you do some research. We go on the internet of -- the website of ADOT, and Sunland bid it. So you look at it. They're only prequalified for four of the maybe 10 items of work. So we did some further research on that and found out that ADOT has a more informal process for prequalifying bidders. They have a one-page -- it's Exhibit 2 in your exhibits -- a one-page form that says you can do a job-by-job request. That's not anywhere in their rules. It's

not authorized anywhere in their rules. But what they do is they allowed this contractor to come in, and with this one-page request, get prequalified seven days before the bid and be prequalified on this project.

All we're asking for, and the contractors we've talked to are asking for, is a fair playing field. And we don't think -- with the practice that ADOT has gotten more and more away from their rules, it's not a fair playing field anymore.

The big thing that's different that they did
here, which I think you really need to think about, is the rules
require in order to be prequalified for a type of work that you
build a project with that type of work. The contractor
experience is what counts. In this case, even though the files
are confidential, it appears clear that they used resumes and
people, their experience rather than the contract experience.

And I think in Mr. Hammit -- in his letter after the hearing, clarified that, that they actually did use resumes from people rather than contractors.

So our point is we think ADOT is really swaying from what their rules allow, in what the practice has been in the past. So now if a contractor comes in, they've never built a bridge before, but they hire Tommy Fisher or someone else who's built a bridge. ADOT has to prequalify them, because that's what they did in this instance. So we think it's a really dangerous precedent for ADOT to go down this practice.

So like I said, we would love to build the project. The more pressing issue, which we would urge you to take a serious look at, is their -- their practices for prequalifying contractors. I'm not sure I'm out of time, but I'll turn it over to Tommy Fisher.

MR. FISHER: Tim, thank you.

Chairman, members of the Board, I'm Tommy Fisher.

My dad started the company, shoveling sand by hand, and I was

fortunate enough to take over 25 years ago. For the last 15

years, I've built a half a billion dollars worth of work for

ADOT, and we've qualified, you know, fair and square where we had to prove in our experience, how we could get there and prequalify.

So again, I've been second in ADOT's jobs almost a billion dollars, and this is the first time we've ever taken it to the Board. So it's not an issue of being first or second. So here's the most important part: Is that not even a job-by-job request that we don't feel that ADOT followed the rules. It was specific that you have three ways that you can prequalify for a type of work. Way number one is, is you have to prove to ADOT -- before you can bid it, you have to prove you built it. It's almost impossible do rule number one, because what came first, the chicken or the egg?

But ADOT gives you two other ways, just how every other contractor in this state has been prequalified on big,

major jobs. You have a chance to be a subcontractor to a qualified contractor. So if I was a sub, as I grew my company from a crushing company to a heavy civil, I was a sub, and I presented that, and I showed that I built this bridge. I PCC paved. I did this.

Or the third reason or way that ADOT allows that to gain is you could joint venture. So in this case, Sunland, who's basically only paved asphalt roads, knew the rules, because two years prior, they joint ventured with bridge contractors, with Vasco, who you've got a copy in there, and with Hunter, and if they were fortunate enough to be low in that joint venture, they would have managed the job with someone who was prequalified. They would have gained experience.

Now, there's several instances that we will show that -- in the packet where other companies that have asphalt paved, and they have people that worked for me that did one million tons for ADOT, and the experience way above, could not get prequalified for ADOT. I have another company that I own, for 10 years, Southwest Concrete, that has not been prequalified in all of the other aspects because they simply didn't build the work first.

So here's a major thing. As a contractor, we cannot see what the files are, but by law, you have the right to see the files. And so what I said at the hearing, even though the hearing -- it was already determined before the hearing

started that the State was going to rule that they could basically prequalify on experience of an individual, not a company. That's what they went with.

So what I would like to leave that with you guys is think about this: ADOT does not enter into a contract with an employee. They enter into a contract with a contractor. If you hire an employee and he's gone tomorrow, how could you have any basis? And if -- and only you guys can see. I had asked them at the hearing, no different than I ask you, if they only presented experience from employees that they hired, but they actually did not build, I think that's in direct violation, that you guys could see through that and look.

So what I would ask the Board is to actually look at the prequalification packet that was sent seven days before our bid, even though it was out three months earlier. And I'm all for Sunland getting qualified, but they've got to do it just like everybody else.

And so if this is allowed to stand, I believe that every company that's prequalified fair and square with building the work the way ADOT has always ruled is disenfranchised, and all our blue sky is gone from the work that we've done, and any one of you can hire any one of us, and you can bid work for ADOT the next day.

In closing, too, one more thing is we are prequalified in 11 states. Not one state allows this. Now,

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1
     some states would allow if the job's 200,000 to $1 million that
 2
     you can get your start there. But here, this is completely
 3
     contrary to what I believe the rules are, and we look forward to
 4
     hopefully that you guys will actually look into that, and we
 5
     feel that you're the last stop to see if ADOT did it right or
 6
     not. It's very hard.
 7
                    And like I said, I have the utmost respect for
 8
     ADOT. We've built $500 million worth of work for them over 15
 9
     years. I like Dallas. I like Barry. I like Floyd. Everywhere
10
            But I just think this is more than who's first and who's
11
     second. This is did they follow it right or not. So I
12
     appreciate the time and the opportunity to speak today.
13
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Thank you.
14
                    Now I'll ask John Sestak. I'm sorry if I
15
     mispronounced your name.
16
                    MR. SESTAK: No. Yes, Mr. Chairman.
17
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. He's the attorney
18
     for Sunland.
19
                    MR. SESTAK: Yes. Mr. Chairman, thank you, and
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     board members, thank you.
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                    I want to say very briefly we fully support the
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     engineer's -- state engineer's decision. We believe the
23
     prequalification process has been in place for many, many years,
24
     more than two decades, and has -- has been widely known to
25
     everybody. It comes as a surprise to me to hear Mr. Fisher act
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like he's never heard of prequalification on a project-byproject basis. That has been in process and in -- a policy for
many, many years. And my client has been prequalified before,
has been declined prequalification, as Mr. Fisher's sister
company has been denied prequalification, and has been
prequalified.

So we believe the process is entirely accurate, valid and appropriate. ADOT is within its -- within the rules, within its authority. It's within its jurisdiction to have a project-by-project pregualification process.

In terms of the actual prequalification of Sunland, we're fine with your honor's -- or with your -- board members exploring a record as a whole. Sunland submitted an extensive prequalification application. The board -- prequalification board reviewed it carefully and made a decision based on the entirety of that application, which includes people. I mean, it's like this is a board, but the board is comprised of people. A contractor, a corporation, a partnership, is comprised of people. The people, and who have the experience in projects like this, were part of the submission, as was the financial condition, and the experience of the contractor as a whole through the people it employs are all in that submission, and they were all approved within the discretion and the authority of the board -- the prequalification board. So we believe the process is valid.

The process should be upheld, and that the prequalification of Sunland was entirely appropriate and valid. Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Thank you.

Dallas, can you come back up and kind of wrap it up and give us your recommendation?

MR. HAMMIT: Mr. Chairman, as was mentioned, we did hold a hearing, and I think it was established that there were two major concerns in that hearing. One, does ADOT have authority to do a job-by-job prequalification, and did ADOT evaluate when they evaluated that prequalification properly.

On the first case of the job-by-job, as was mentioned, this has been going on -- been going on for more than 20 years. And why do I say 20 years? The chairman of the prequal. board, who's still with us, I went back -- when they took that over, it was a standing process. So it's gone on well beyond 20 years. So it isn't a change in process or loosening up anything. It has been the way ADOT's done business for at least two decades, but even before that.

We believe that it is appropriate. You know, the regulations give a lot of discretion to the project -- or to the department. The regulations are intent to make sure we have qualified bidders. We -- it is a long-standing practice. The industry has relied on this practice. There's been just in the last two years a number of submittals for job-by-job, some for

work, some for financial. We have approved the majority of them, but we have denied them when we didn't -- the prequal. board did not feel they met the prequalification process. And this promotes competition. As a -- contractors come in, this gives an opportunity for someone to demonstrate that they are capable.

On the second issue of the prequal. board's decision, in itself, one of the things that's a challenge for other areas, the prequal. submittal is confidential. So when you compare to -- one contractor to another, you can't really do that unless you've seen what they've submitted. The prequal. board consists of three people. A -- an accountant based -- because you have to look at financials. It has our state construction engineer, and a deputy state engineer. They're not in any chain of command. Well, once you get very high up, they are, but one does not report to the other. So they are independent voices on that prequalification board. And it is right, the department does look at the total capability of the contractor, including what the contractor's done and what their folks can do.

So moving that forward, the department has reviewed the bid, believes it is a responsive and responsible bid, and we believe that to have that, we believe that the -- Sunland is a responsible and responsive bidder and would recommend award to Sunland Asphalt Construction, Inc.

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                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: Mr. Chairman.
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                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes.
 3
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: Before you move forward, I was
 4
     wondering, because there's been a lot of terminology thrown
 5
     around here. There's been statute. There's been regulations.
 6
     There's been rules. There's been policy. Could we ask the
 7
     department's attorney just to clarify those different things for
 8
     the Board?
 9
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes. That would be -- I
10
     think that would be helpful.
11
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: So if I could ask you to bring
12
     Mr. Acosta up.
13
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Sure.
                                                  Sure. Mr. Acosta,
14
     could you please kind of ...
15
                    MR. ACOSTA: Good morning -- I think it's still
16
     morning -- Mr. Chairman and members.
17
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Good morning.
18
                    MR. ACOSTA: My name is Joe Acosta, Junior.
19
     an Assistant Attorney General, and I represent -- I have been
20
     representing ADOT for a long time, over 20 years. I don't
21
     remember -- I don't know how long the job-by-job
22
     prequalification has been going on, but it's been going on for a
23
     very long time.
24
                    You heard Mr. Priebe tell you that there's
25
     nothing in the rules that could be read to allow this. And I
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think if you look at the regulations for prequalification of contractors, it's attached to the -- in the big stack of papers that Fisher has supplied to you.

There's an application form, and I'll call it the long form application, because it's the one that has a lot of questions about the firm, about the people in the firm, have you ever run into trouble, you know, a lot of questions that you would expect a form like that to -- to be used for when you're trying to evaluate what the contractors can bid on.

The result of the process, the normal process is that the prequalification board reviews the application and the supporting documents and issues a decision, and the decision has two parts. One, largely based on the financial condition, of course, is what's the maximum size job the firm can bid on. And the other -- and the other part of it is what types of work are allowed.

There's an application form that -- this long form application form, and I think -- I think it's been a little bit -- I shouldn't say misrepresented, but I think there's a couple things that were left out of the -- of the presentation here. The application form itself, when you get to the contractor's experience, and you might have heard Mr. Sestak's point that contractors are made of people as much as the equipment or the office or the ownership.

The first question that's asked under the

statement of experience on this form, which is one of the first things in the Fisher submission, number one, list the construction experience of the principal individuals of the applicant. And then there's room to list several people, and you're invited to go on and add resumes or other descriptions of the qualifications of these people. And then only after that do you get to list the major projects completed by the applicant and other questions regarding work that was done under the flag of the -- of the applicant firm.

So the form -- the long form itself tells you that the prequal. board should be considering the people, not just the fact that the company has been in business for a number of years and they've done certain projects. And it might be compared to a football team. I mean, what happens to the Patriots? If Tom Brady retires, Bill Belichick retires, several other players get old and they have to start over, they won't be as good. Now, obviously I don't want to go too far, because a contractor is not going to go from the best to the worst. But the people are important, and that's what's asked for in the long form.

Now, we do have the short form job-by-job prequalification. And the -- I think what Fisher is relying on is that we have the long form application which every contractor fills out. And admittedly, the job-by-job isn't specifically described in detail in the prequalification regulations. But

there's nothing in those regulations that limits the right of the contractor to supplement their information or to give additional information at any time. What the rules -- what the regulation does provide for is that the prequalification does expire annually. So there's an intent that information be given from time to time to update the qualification of the firm, because we want to know what the firm's going to do tomorrow when they get the job, not what they used to do 20 years ago or even 10 years ago.

So the -- so the long form gives the hint that what ADOT is very interested in is the people. The short form tells the contractors give us information that supports your application to perform this particular project. That's how this all works together, and it all makes sense.

Now, in Fisher's letter, they refer to the regulation that says contract prequalification is a process of review and evaluation of a contractor's work history and current financial condition, blah, blah, blah, and then before the contract can be accepted as prequalified.

In Regulation 17-3-202, there are 10 items that are listed. If you read Fisher's letter, November 15th letter closely, they've taken the position that those 10 items are only relevant to how much you can bid on. In other words, the maximum money size of the project, and the Board doesn't consider that in determining the types of work that the

contractor will be allowed to do. It doesn't make sense. The form itself, the long form itself puts the lie to that, as does the fact that the job-by-job prequalification form wants to know what you're doing right now and why are you qualified right now to perform the job you want to perform.

There are several other points that they made, and I don't know that we need to get into all that, but I think that this brief summary can show you that, number one, it's undisputed that ADOT's been doing this for a long time, and numerous contractors have taken advantage of it. As a matter of fact, just in the last two years, there have been close to 20 projects where contractors have applied. Not all were accepted. Many were denied. But that's the point. The point is the prequalification board has to make these decisions, not the Transportation Board.

The Transportation Board can look at a prequalification package, but why? The regulations say that if the contractor who's applied isn't happy with what the prequalification board has decided, that they can go to the state engineer. That's the appeal process as provided for in the regulations that Fisher's making such a -- such a big point about. You don't go to the Transportation Board.

Now, the regulations do say the Transportation

Board can look at a prequalification file. And I'll give you an

example of one where the Board might have decided to do that.

Not too many years ago, there was a contractor that had an employee that had misrepresented a lot of work. A lot of items of work on more than one job, and the low bidder was questioned as to whether that — there was a question whether that low bidder was a responsible bidder, and there was a hearing before the Board on this. This was before any of you were on the Board.

But what the contractor said is, well, this guy was a rather low level employee and is -- we've gotten rid of him. You know, we found out he was a bad guy. We got rid of him. The Board could -- the Transportation Board could have said we want to see the prequalification records to see if -- what is the role of this person as presented in their application for prequalification. And the Board might have said, hey, it looks like this guy's an important guy on the application for prequalification. So how -- why are you saying now that he was just a low level guy that, you know, was a liar and we got rid of him?

So yes, there could be a reason that this board would look at a file. But not to be an appeal board for the prequalification board. By regulation, the prequal. board has to have a certified public accountant or public accountant, and it has to have a knowledgeable engineer. So it's presumed, as is the case in many statutes, that we've got substantial qualifications required, and that board is entitled to respect

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     and have the final word of -- except you can go to the state
 2
     engineer. So this is all provided for. And the fact that this
 3
     is a longstanding practice and has not been overturned, it
 4
     should bear a lot of weight in your decision making.
 5
                    I'll hear questions if you --
 6
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Board members, do
 7
     you have questions for Mr. Acosta or for Dallas?
 8
                    Board Member Hammond.
 9
                    MR. HAMMOND: I think you answered it, but
10
     (inaudible) approvals, what's the -- does the contractor have an
11
     appeal process in regulation or law?
12
                    MR. ACOSTA: The contractor who applied has an
13
     appeal process.
14
                    MR. HAMMOND: The one that did not get the bid?
15
                    MR. ACOSTA: The one who does not get the bid and
16
     is challenging the other guy, no. That -- these files are
17
     confidential by regulation.
18
                    MR. HAMMOND: Okay.
19
                    MR. ACOSTA: The very regulations that Fisher is
20
     trying to rely on to say the department can't do what it's
21
     doing, it's very clear. They're confidential. The other --
22
     other contractors don't get to see the information that is
23
     submitted for prequalification.
24
                    MR. HAMMOND: Okay. I'm not sure you answered
25
     the question, though. Is if we vote to approve this contract,
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     does the losing bidder have any more recourse, or is this the
 2
     last word?
 3
                    MR. ACOSTA: They could conceivably go to court.
 4
                    MR. HAMMOND: Okay.
 5
                    MR. ACOSTA: Just like just about any decision
 6
     there is.
 7
                    MR. HAMMOND: Sure.
 8
                    MR. ACOSTA: Conceivably, it could be taken to
 9
     court.
10
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Good question.
11
                    MR. THOMPSON: I guess the question in my mind is
12
     there's -- (inaudible) losing any dollars continue this type of
     a situation. Is there any way that this could be resolved at
13
14
     the local rather than what is recommended, you know, going to
15
     court?
16
                    MR. ACOSTA: Well --
17
                    MR. THOMPSON: I mean, I'm thinking about
18
     arbitration. Is there something in that area that could --
19
                    MR. ACOSTA: Well, here's the problem. If you're
20
     going to have arbitration, all the people have to agree to it.
21
                    MR. THOMPSON: Right.
22
                    MR. ACOSTA: So I don't know whether everyone
23
     would agree to it. What the -- the court process is rather
24
     quick, though, in these kinds of situations. It's designed to
25
     be -- you've got to go down there, and you've got to stop the
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1
     department from signing the contract, and you have to go to
 2
     court and get an order stopping -- stopping the process. And if
 3
     you don't do that as the contractor, as the unsuccessful bidder,
 4
     then you can't come in later and say, well, I should have made
 5
     money on this job. I want lost profits or something else.
 6
                    So what we -- what we do in these situations is
 7
     that we give the contractor, the unsuccessful bidder, time to go
     try to get an order from the court stopping the signing of the
 8
 9
     contract. And it's a process that I've gone through personally,
10
     luckily not too many times, but it has happened.
11
                    So what we're going to do after your decision is
12
     we would meet with the contractors and talk about how long a
13
     period of time it's going to be for the department to wait so
14
     that the -- whoever doesn't get the job, if they want to go to
15
     court, they can go to court and try to get this thing stopped.
16
                    MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman.
17
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes. Board Member
18
     Stratton.
19
                    MR. STRATTON: We've been given a great deal of
20
     information today all at once.
21
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah. I appreciate that.
22
     Yeah.
23
                    MR. STRATTON: Personally, I'd like to open for
24
     discussion, with your permission, but personally I would like to
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defer this. I would like to study the information. I'd like a

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copy of all the statements of the people that have spoke today on this issue, and allow us to look at it. And I do believe — this is two things. One, we are missing a member of our board today. I think it's a key issue, that we should have a full board. We are also — and no disregard to Mr. Acosta, but we are missing our normal attorney, and I believe that it would be an item I would like for Michelle and Mr. Acosta to be in this, and in my mind, there is a potential for an executive session on this matter.

excellent observations, Mr. Stratton. So, I mean, I think that's -- the hearing, I think it was Tuesday. So just a couple days ago. We've got a packet we haven't really had a chance to really look at, and there are a lot of issues for us to weigh in on.

So I guess a couple questions. One, you know, defer -- if we were to defer, say, this one more month into December, how does that impact the schedule? Does that impact things? Would we -- we would be -- it does sound to me like maybe an executive -- you know, a special executive session would probably be in order, but you know, at the outcome of that, would we need another public meeting to award the contract? And then -- and would it wait until December? Would we want to do another one, you know, another special public meeting to award the contract? I guess those are questions I

1 would have. 2 MR. HAMMIT: Mr. Chair, the specifications say we 3 have to -- the Board has to act in 75 days, and that's there to 4 protect the bid, because you bid on conditions at one point and 5 things change. If both parties agree, it can go beyond that 75 6 days. I have spoken with both parties this morning, and both of 7 them have told me that they would agree. If the Board needed 8 time, they would honor their bid beyond the 75 days. So if the 9 Board chose to hear it at the Morenci -- I believe it's December 10 21st board --11 MR. ROEHRICH: December 21st. Sorry. 12 MR. HAMMIT: -- board meeting, they would both 13 honor their bids, and they're here. I believe that was the 14 case. 15 CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. 16 MR. HAMMIT: I see nods. Yes, sir. 17 CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: That's good information. 18 Thank you. 19 Board Member Hammond. 20 MR. HAMMOND: You know, first of all, I have no 21 issue with postponing, but it does suggest something that is 22 kind of unique, and I think it was alluded to. I don't know 23 that I want to get, you know, three pounds of information to

review and make a decision on this. We rely as board members on

staff and process. And so my question is what would change

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1
     between now and then, and what is our task as board members if
 2
     we postpone it? I don't mind the postponing, but I don't want
 3
     to be the decider --
 4
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah.
 5
                    MR. HAMMOND: -- without reviewing very technical
 6
     and historical processes and data. So we have to be clear what
 7
     -- what's going to happen between now and Morenci as board
 8
     members.
 9
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Good comment.
10
                    Vice Chair Sellers.
11
                    MR. SELLERS: Did I understand correctly what the
12
     attorney said, that the Board really does not play a role in
13
     deciding prequalification? Is that correct?
14
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: Mr. Chairman, I want to be very
15
     clear. Mr. Acosta is the staff's attorney for the department.
16
     Your attorney, regular attorney, Michelle Kunzman, is not here,
17
     and she represents the Board. So if you were seeking legal
18
     advice, that would be your attorney. Mr. Acosta is the
19
     department's attorney. So I just want to be clear on that.
20
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah. Okay. Thank you.
21
                    MR. ACOSTA: And with that caveat, so I'm sort
22
     of, like, representing a party in a dispute before you. We'd --
23
     we believe that the Board has -- this board has no say in
24
     prequalification itself. Your job -- from the staff standpoint,
25
     your job is to determine lowest responsible bidder, but it's not
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1
     to review the prequalification.
 2
                    MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman.
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah. Mr. Stratton.
 3
 4
                    MR. STRATTON: I still have multiple questions
 5
     that need to be answered by our attorney, I believe.
 6
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay.
 7
                    MR. STRATTON: And it's not --
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah.
 8
 9
                    MR. STRATTON: -- things that I would wish to
10
     discuss --
11
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah.
12
                    MR. STRATTON: -- at this point on the floor.
13
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: No. I appreciate that.
14
                    And Mr. Hammond. Well, Board Member Hammond.
15
                    MR. HAMMOND: Yeah. The reason to delay, I
16
     think, is to get a legal opinion from our board counsel, and if
17
     the parties have agreed to hold the bid for 30 days and no one
18
     sees the cost going from umpteen million to umpteen plus ten
19
     million in the next 30 days, I don't see a reason not to delay
20
     it. I do not want to be the arbitrator of this contract
21
     (inaudible) board member.
22
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes. Good point.
23
                    Okay. With that, any other comments?
24
                    Do -- okay. I entertain a motion to defer Item
25
     9C to the December board meeting.
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1
                    MR. STRATTON: So moved.
 2
                    MR. THOMPSON: Second.
 3
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. I have a motion by
 4
     Board Member Stratton, a second by Board Member Thompson. Any
 5
     further discussion?
 6
                    All in favor indicate by stating aye.
 7
                    BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.
 8
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Opposed, nay? Ayes have
 9
     it.
10
                    MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chair.
11
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: We'll defer that. Thank
12
     you, Dallas. Thank you both, both Fisher Industries [sic] and
13
     Sunland for...
14
                    MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman.
15
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes.
16
                    MR. STRATTON: I don't know if this is the
17
     appropriate time. We're talking about dates in December.
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes. Go ahead.
18
19
                    MR. STRATTON: Are we going to hold the meeting
20
     on the 21st, being that it's very close to Christmas, and
21
     there's a chance we may not have board members there? I will be
22
     there, but I want to make sure -- I didn't know if --
23
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah.
24
                    MR. STRATTON: -- it would make sense to move it
25
     a week earlier.
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1
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah. I think --
 2
                    MR. STRATTON: And if so, I think we need to make
 3
     sure that these parties involved know that date --
 4
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah.
 5
                    MR. STRATTON: -- so that there's no
 6
     miscommunication.
 7
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah. It's a good
 8
     comment. I think maybe had we thought about that in January or
 9
     February of this year, we could have done it, but the folks I
10
     know in Greenlee County have probably already -- it would be
11
     difficult for them to shuffle that from -- at this late date.
12
                    In fact, I think a month ago, Floyd asked me the
13
     same thing, and they were already -- you know, there's limited
14
     facilities there for them to schedule things. So I do
15
     appreciate the fact that it's so late and close to the holidays,
16
     that it's tough, but you know, we'll -- hopefully we'll have a
17
     quorum or they'll be set up for teleconferencing, I suspect,
18
     so...
19
                    UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I wouldn't miss your going
20
     away party.
21
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: We have a fitness center
22
     with lots of treadmills. So you can't get there first this
23
     time. Okay. So --
24
                    MR. ROEHRICH: Mr. Chair --
25
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah.
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1
                    MR. ROEHRICH: -- before we get off this, I just
 2
     want to make sure that Lynn and staff were ready to follow up.
 3
     So we'll defer the item to December 21st as to the board
 4
     meeting.
 5
                    Prior to that, I heard the comment about an
 6
     executive session, which is not open to the public. We could
 7
     schedule that. Realizing that within the confines of that, you
 8
     get legal advice. You don't debate the issue, but you ask legal
 9
     questions. You have a chance to consult with the attorney.
10
     Then the board members together at that -- hear all the same
11
     information, and then we bring it back in December.
12
                    So my question is going to be, especially with
13
     next week being the holiday, should we as staff be prepared to
     schedule that executive session let's say the last week of the
14
15
     more or the first week of December? I guess I'm asking is there
16
     a better preference in time that you want us to start working
17
     on?
18
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Board members, you can
19
     look at your calendars and see if there's --
20
                    UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Both work for me.
21
     (Inaudible) three or four times we can get seven people to
22
     agree.
23
                    MR. ROEHRICH: And we could do that. We could
24
     still pull some dates --
25
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON:
                                           Yeah.
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1
                    MR. ROEHRICH: -- and we'll start pulling -- and
 2
     again, we'll look at scheduling a facility in Phoenix, as well
 3
     as on the phone so we can make sure that people have access
 4
     within that, and then we will look to establish that date.
 5
     We'll send something around to everybody. We'll get it set up.
 6
     In the meantime, I'll go back and consult with Ms. Kunzman and
 7
     make sure that she's prepared with her ability to look at all
 8
     this information and be prepared to come in and address the
 9
     situation and start answering questions.
10
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay.
11
                    MR. ROEHRICH: Yeah.
12
                    MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman.
13
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes.
14
                    MR. STRATTON: I would prefer the latter of the
15
     two dates in order to be able to review the information.
16
     ask again that we get copies of everything that was stated here
17
     today on this item so that we could review those again.
18
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes, sir.
19
                    MR. STRATTON: Again, we've seen a lot of
20
     information.
21
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yeah. We've seen a ton of
22
     information. Okay. That's good. Thank you.
23
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: I just want to state for the
24
     record, Mr. Chairman, that Board Secretary Priano is looking
25
     forward to coordinating all of your schedules (inaudible).
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1 MR. KNIGHT: Mr. Chair. 2 CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes. Board Member Knight. 3 MR. KNIGHT: Just sitting here listening to all 4 this, it looks like it's a good possibility either way it goes 5 down ADOT could be facing a lawsuit. But that being said, what 6 if we -- and I'm just throwing this out for a suggestion. What 7 if we were to reconsider 9D, refuse all bids in that one and 8 refuse the bid in this one and combine the two, put it out for a re- -- have it rebid as one project. It will be totally 9 10 different than either one and could solve problems. Just a 11 suggestion. 12 MR. ROEHRICH: Mr. Chair, Mr. Knight, my concern 13 would be on 9D is we have declared it as a responsive and 14 responsible bid. The Board had awarded it. So now what would 15 be the justification to not move forward with that? I think 16 that brings in a more complicated issue that brings in potential 17 for even more lawsuits or at least more issues with that. 18 I think at this point we have two viable projects 19 that we have dealt with, but we have an issue with one of them, 20 and I think we need to address that -- that issue. 21 MR. HALIKOWSKI: Mr. Chairman. 22 CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Yes. 23 MR. HALIKOWSKI: Mr. Knight, I think that's a 24 good question for your board attorney if you decide to go into

executive session, that you may want to look at what your

25

options are and what the effects are of those.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Thank you.

3 Okay. Any other questions?

Okay. Thank you, Dallas, for the consent agenda contracts.

Item 10, Floyd will open discussion on the request for the Town of Sahuarita has extended an invitation for the October 2019 board meeting in their council chambers.

MR. ROEHRICH: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

So last month when the Board approved the FY -- or calendar year '19 board meeting dates and locations, we had a to-be determined for October, because we were coordinating with the SEAGO executive director on where the Rural Transportation Summit will be. They've now set a location. The date was fine on October 18th, but they now have a location. It's going to be at the Casino Del Sol right outside of Tucson on the Tohono O'Odham Nation.

In conjunction with that, since Friday has been traditionally the location adjacent to where the rural summit is, the Town of Sahuarita said, hey, you're coming to our vicinity. We'd like to host it here in our city. So now we're back to update the Board of locations to show that the October 18th meeting -- board meeting will be held at the City of Sahuarita.

CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Do they have a

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1
     hotel? What's the hotel for the Board? I mean, what
 2
     (inaudible) we got here. A 45-minute drive?
 3
                    MR. ROEHRICH: Mr. Chair, Mr. Hammond, I think
 4
     the hotel will be at the conference center so that we'll be
 5
     there at the Casino Del Sol resort area if you stay for the
 6
     summit, but I do think it's probably a 30-minute drive, I think.
 7
                    MS. PRIANO: I think so.
 8
                    MR. ROEHRICH: About from there.
 9
                    MR. HAMMOND: Now, Linda's previous person said
10
     we could never go to a casino as a board, so (inaudible).
11
                    MS. PRIANO: That's for the summit. That's for
12
     the summit.
13
                    MR. ROEHRICH: Mr. Board, Mr. Hammond, that's
14
     exactly right. The Board is not meeting at that location. That
15
     is the rural summit's choosing to do that. The Board will be
16
     meeting at the City of Sahuarita.
17
                    So with that, Mr. Chair, we're asking the Board
18
     to approve --
19
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON:
                                           Okay.
20
                    MR. ROEHRICH: -- the location for the October
21
     18th meeting as the City of Sahuarita.
22
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Discussion? Questions?
23
                    MR. SELLERS: So moved.
24
                    MR. THOMPSON: Second.
25
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay. Moved (inaudible)
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     I've got a motion to move the location of the October 2019 board
 2
     meeting to the Town of Sahuarita, as presented by staff, and
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     moved by Vice Chair Sellers. Was there a second?
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                    MR. THOMPSON: Second.
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                    MR. ROEHRICH: Seconded by Mr. Thompson.
 6
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Seconded by Mr. Thompson.
 7
     Okay. Any discussion?
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                    All in favor indicate by saying aye.
 9
                    BOARD MEMBERS: Opposed, nay? Ayes have it.
                                                                  The
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     motion passes.
11
                    Okay. Last item, suggestions. Are there any
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     suggestions to be placed on future board agendas?
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                    MR. ROEHRICH: So Mr. Chair, as we identified,
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     the next month, the December 21st meeting will be in the
15
     Clifton/Morenci location, and it as well will be the last
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     meeting of the -- for yourself after six years, and I guess
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     (inaudible) because Mr. Stratton said I realize it's close to a
18
     holiday, but I do guarantee there will be a short, fat guy
19
     there, so... I just don't know how jolly he will be. I will
20
     intend to be there.
21
                    MR. HALIKOWSKI: (Inaudible.)
22
                    MR. ROEHRICH: I intend to be there, so there
23
     will be at least one short, fat guy (inaudible).
24
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: (Inaudible.)
25
                    MR. ROEHRICH: So Mr. Chair, we have obviously
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the normal agenda issues, and this will come there. Are there
 1
     any other items that the Board would want staff to be prepared?
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 3
                    CHAIRMAN CUTHBERTSON: Okay.
                    (End of recording.)
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<u>Adjournment</u>

A motion to adjourn the November 16, 2018 State Transportation Board meeting was made by Board Member Stratton and seconded by Board Member Sellers. In a voice vote, the motion carried.

Meeting adjourned at 11:17 a.m. MST.

William F. Cuthbertson, Chairman

State Transportation Board

John \$. Halikowski, Director

Arizona Department of Transportation