STATE TRANSPORTATION BOARD STUDY SESSION TELEPHONIC/WEBEX ATTENDANCE 9:00am, February 3, 2022

Call to Order

Board Chairman Thompson called the State Transportation Board Study Session to order at 9:00 a.m.

Pledge

The Pledge of Allegiance was led by Chairman Jesse Thompson.

Roll Call by Sherry Garcia

A quorum of the State Transportation Board was present. **In attendance (via WebEx):** Chairman Thompson, Vice Chairman Knight, Board Member Searle, Board Member Maxwell, Board Member Daniels, and Board Member Meck and Board Member Stratton. There were approximately 42 members of the public in the audience.

Opening Remarks

Chairman Thompson reminded members of the public, to keep their computer or phone muted during the meeting, unless called to speak during the Call to Audience.

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act

Floyd Roehrich, Jr., read the Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended. Floyd, also reminded individuals to fill out survey cards, with link shown on the agenda.

Call to the Audience

An opportunity was provided to members of the public to address the State Transportation Board. Members of the public were requested not to exceed a three minute time period for their comments. ARIZONA STATE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

STUDY SESSION

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

<u>VIA WEBEX</u>

February 3, 2022 9:00 a.m.

REPORTED BY: TERESA A. WATSON, RMR Certified Reporter Certificate No. 50876

PREPARED FOR: ADOT - STATE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

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1	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF EXCERPT OF ELECTRONIC
2	PROCEEDINGS, ADOT - STATE TRANSPORTATION BOARD, was reported
3	from electronic media by TERESA A. WATSON, Registered Merit
4	Reporter and a Certified Reporter in and for the State of
5	Arizona.
6	
7	PARTICIPANTS:
8	Board Members:
9	Jesse Thompson, Chairman
10	Gary Knight, Vice Chairman Steve Stratton, Board Member
11	Richard Searle, Board Member Tex Maxwell, Board Member
12	Jackie Meck, Board Member Jenn Daniels, Board Member
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1	AGENDA ITEMS	
2	Item 1 - Overview of the Executive Budget, Kristine Ward, Chief Financial Officer	5
3 4	Item 2 - 2023-2027 Tentative five-Year Transportation Facilities Construction Program Overview	
4	Kristine Ward 1 Greg Byres, Deputy Deirector of Transportation/State	15
6	Engineer 3	30
7	Item 3 - Discussion on Public Hearing Process regarding the 2023-2027 Tentative Five-Year Transportation Facilities Construction Program, Greg Byres	15
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1	(Beginning of excerpt.)
2	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: I noticed that there's not
3	that there does not seem to be anybody that's on to make
4	comments on the call to the audience, but I'll go ahead and move
5	forward to what we will be expecting (indiscernible).
6	Everyone will be muted, those that are on
7	telephonically or Webex, when they call in to the meeting. When
8	your name is called to provide your comments, you will indicate
9	your presence by virtually raising your hand using your phone
10	keypad or through your Webex application. The Webex host will
11	guide you through the unmuting and muting process following the
12	instructions included with the meeting agenda. A three-minute
13	time limit will be imposed.
14	MR. ROEHRICH: Mr. Chairman, we have no requests
15	to speak that have been submitted.
16	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Even though all the
17	information about this meeting has been sent out, right?
18	MR. ROEHRICH: Mr. Chairman, this meeting was
19	posted as we do every public meeting that the Transportation
20	Board holds. So it has met public notice requirements as we
21	normally and traditionally would do.
22	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Thank you, Floyd.
23	I think we're as I mentioned earlier, I think
24	we're getting the word out about the transportation issues that
25	we have to deal with, and there's a lot of enough information

1	out there on our website that they're probably getting a lot of
2	information that they have concerns about.
3	We will now move on to Item 1, overview of the
4	executive budget. Kristine.
5	MS. WARD: Yes, sir. Good morning, Mr. Chair.
6	board members. I am going to start off for the morning with
7	giving you an update on what came out in the executive budget as
8	it pertains to the transportation system that you oversee. So
9	the first the Governor came out with a couple of
10	recommendations that were are important for the Board to know
11	about.
12	First off, the executive budget includes
13	providing \$400 million for the expansion of I-10 between Phoenix
14	Loop 202 and SR-387 in Casa Grande. The recommendation for the
15	additional \$400 million comes after the executive had previously
16	recommended and the Legislature appropriated \$50 million for
17	right-of-way acquisition, and that is currently in progress. In
18	addition, the executive had allocated 33 million from COVID
19	relief funds to and added that to the \$50 million that this
20	board committed to address the funding gap for the Gila River
21	Bridge. When you combine that also with MAG having committed
22	160 million to the project, we're looking at total cost
23	estimates that are being you know, they're being reviewed
24	right now, but for the proposed project, we're looking at a
25	total at a current estimate of around \$700 million.

1	Given the large amount of State funds that are
2	being proposed, the hope is that we can actually go out that
3	the department can go out and secure additional funding through
4	the competitive grants. If you'll recall, there were quite a
5	few competitive grants identified in the new infrastructure
6	bill, in which case, if the department is able to secure one of
7	those grants for the project, the executive would like any
8	dollars that are freed up from this project, from the I-10
9	widening, if there are dollars freed up because of a of a
10	the winning of a federal grant, the award of a federal grant, it
11	would like the dollars to be applied to I-17 and expanding that
12	project to Cordes Junction.
13	The second item of relevance to the Board's
14	authority is the state is a recommendation for a state a
15	program called State Match Advantage For Rural Transportation,
16	the SMART Fund. The executive budget recommends providing
17	\$50 million for grants to rural communities and the department
18	to assist with the costs of applying for again, these
19	numerous competitive grants that have been included in the
20	infrastructure bill.
21	I'm sure you've heard it before, but applying for
22	federal grants can actually be a pretty costly experience,
23	including everything from making sure that you have projects
24	shovel ready that meet federal design requirements, the actual
25	costs of applying for the grants, and then you've got the costs

1 associated with matching funds.

2	So the program as recommended by the executive,
3	the program would provide grants to political subdivisions
4	outside of Maricopa and Pima County, with 40 percent of the
5	funding going to counties. Half of half of that 40 percent,
6	half would be to counties with populations above 100,000 and
7	half going to counties with populations less than 100,000.
8	The next 40 percent would go to municipalities,
9	with half going to municipalities with populations above 10,000
10	and half going to municipalities below 10,000. The remaining
11	20 percent would be available for grants to the department for
12	projects that are outside of Maricopa and Pima County.
13	Now, the overall funding for this for this
14	program is \$50 million for these grants. The program would be
15	developed and administered by the department, and the executive
16	recommendation also specifies that, you know, in a local
17	government that had the ability to provide matching funds, you
18	know, show a greater participation, those that would be
19	considered a positive factor in evaluating the grant application
20	submitted.
21	With that I would be happy to take any questions.
22	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Kristine, I have a couple
23	questions.
24	Number one is in the Governor's budget, is there
25	any funding that's appears to be allocated for rural

	, and the second s
1	communities?
2	And the other one is the other question is
3	that on that 40 percent 40 percent, 20 percent, I don't know,
4	you might not have the information on this, but would tribal
5	funding, NDOT funding as well as the Bureau of Indian Affairs
6	funding, federal funding be considered as matching dollars?
7	MS. WARD: Mr. Chairman, so with regards to
8	funding for rural areas, this grant program is specifically
9	focused on rural on rural areas. It is Maricopa and Pima
10	County are specifically excluded from the recommendation. So
11	that would be the answer to your first question.
12	The answer to your second question, I actually do
13	not know the answer to that. I would have to I would have to
14	look that out seek that out.
15	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Okay. Thank you very much.
16	Board members, you heard Kristine give her
17	presentation. Are there any comments and/or questions that you
18	may have for her?
19	MS. DANIELS: Chair Thompson, this is Jenn
20	Daniels. I have a question.
21	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Jenn, go ahead.
22	MS. DANIELS: Kristine thank you.
23	You made a statement about the cost to apply for
24	federal grants from an ADOT perspective. Can you give us a
25	ballpark? Obviously there's all the prep work that goes on, the

1	tier one, the tier two and all of those other components, but
2	you I think you just said not to mention the cost of just
3	applying for the grant. Is there a fee? What were you
4	referring to?
5	MS. WARD: Mr. Chair, Ms. Daniels, specifically,
6	I was referring to we typically bring on a consultant, as do
7	others applying for grants, bring on a consultant in order to
8	complete the applications for these grants. They can be quite
9	arduous, and they tend to run and cost somewhere between 75- to
10	125,000 dollars per application. So that can be quite onerous
11	for well, not just the department, but smaller communities,
12	certainly.
13	MS. DANIELS: So if there's a I guess a large
14	quantity of upcoming federal grants, would it not behoove us as
15	an agency to hire a grant writer and to do those in house rather
16	than having those done since I I know our ADOT team has a lot
17	of expertise and is probably doing most of the legwork that's
18	being fed to the consultant in order to have that analysis done.
19	DIRECTOR HALIKOWSKI: Mr. Chair, if I could
20	intervene, let's back up here a couple steps.
21	ADOT does do its own grant writing, and we have
22	in-house people that do that. I don't want to conflate tier one
23	and tier two with grant costs. Those are actually separate
24	things, because not all grant applications require tier one and
25	tier two studies. So our multimodal planning division and our

1 research group does a lot of prep. Where we see issues, especially in rural areas, 2 3 is that smaller communities don't usually have that staff and 4 horsepower to do that. So we will engage in helping them, and 5 sometimes consultants are used because preparing these grant applications can run anywhere up to \$100,000 in cost, and they 6 7 have to be prepared in such a way as to meet all of the federal 8 requirements. So I would turn to our new state engineer, former 9 MPD director, Greg Byres, if you have any further comments to 10 Board Member Daniels' question about how grants are prepared in 11 ADOT and how you help out the smaller communities. 12 MR. BYRES: So one of the big things is, is each 13 federal grant that comes out has a notice of funding opportunity, and it's basically the guidelines for every single 14 15 grant, and they can be very arduous. 16 So one of the things and one of the reasons why 17 we engage consultants is there's a couple of items that occur 18 within that, that preparation. One of the big ones that is the 19 -- the largest cost associated with it is the cost benefit 20 ratios that we have to include as part of the application. 21 There are some very stringent requirements in 22 order to do that. There's modeling that has to be done in order 23 to be able to come up with those numbers, and in most cases, we don't have that kind of expertise in house. That's a very 24 25 special item, and there's a few consultants out there that are

1	very good at it, and we try and elicit their assistance because
2	they are so good at it. And this SMART program gives that same
3	capability to those smaller communities to hire those same
4	consultants and have that same advantage on any potential grants
5	that might be coming out.
6	DIRECTOR HALIKOWSKI: But to the point the board
7	member made about legwork, you're not I mean, we do a lot of
8	work in house, but you're not feeding the legwork to the
9	consultants. They're doing the specific work for the modeling
10	on top of that. And in order to hire in-house folks, I don't
11	know that that would be a good use of the transportation dollar,
12	because I'm not sure there would be a constant need for them,
13	whereas consultants, we call on them when we need them. And the
14	other thing is, you know, consultants are keeping up with the
15	latest. So from our perspective, you would have to increase
16	ADOT's budget to do that, and then that means something else,
17	you know, would have to come out if we're using highway funds to
18	increase the personnel budget to do that. So
19	MS. DANIELS: Sure. I can appreciate that,
20	Director.
21	DIRECTOR HALIKOWSKI: Okay.
22	MS. DANIELS: Thank you for the explanation.
23	I know that there are times when it makes sense
24	to hire in house and times that it doesn't, and I'm a big
25	believer in going to the experts. So I obviously support that

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1	element.
2	How often do we apply for a federal grant, spend
3	the dollars to do so and then do not receive the grant?
4	DIRECTOR HALIKOWSKI: Greg, go ahead.
5	MR. BYRES: So it depends on the different types
6	of grants. Now, one of the one of the things that's
7	occurring now with IIJA or BIL, with the extensive amount of
8	discretionary dollars that are out there and the different
9	grants programs, we don't know. These are brand-new programs
10	that we're seeing. In the past, when you'd look at the RAISE
11	grant or the INFRA grants, we we're usually we run
12	somewhere between 15 to 20 percent positive on receiving grants
13	for the number of grant applications that we put out.
14	DIRECTOR HALIKOWSKI: I would say because of the
15	cost, we are extremely judicious in the grants that we apply
16	for. We do a bit of risk analysis to see do we really have a
17	chance, because it's not just the project itself, as you know.
18	It's how much money we can bring to the table for the match.
19	MS. DANIELS: Understood. Do we know from a
20	percentage standpoint how we might compare to other states that
21	are also applying? If we get 15 to 20 percent of what we apply
22	for, is there some sort of clearinghouse or opportunity to
23	understand how that compares to other states?
24	DIRECTOR HALIKOWSKI: Well, I think it depends
25	again, because each DOT has different responsibilities under it.

1	For instance, a lot of states, let's say back east, have transit
2	that they're applying for, and it's not just the states that are
3	applying for the grants. It's often regional planning agencies
4	or other city governments.
5	MS. DANIELS: Sure. We'd want to make sure it
6	was apples to apples comparison, but I think it would be a good
7	exercises for us to find out how competitive we really are in
8	the federal grant space, and if we're not as competitive as we
9	want to be or need to be or maybe we extend that goal.
10	Obviously it's an investment to apply for these grants, and we
11	want to bring those dollars back to Arizona, you know, whenever
12	possible, and so I'd just kind of flag it as a potential
13	opportunity for us.
14	DIRECTOR HALIKOWSKI: Thank you. If I could
15	finish my thought, what I was trying to say is that it isn't an
16	apples to apples comparison. We'll be happy to take a look at
17	it, but I think you're going to find that these grants are very
18	different in nature, as are the political subdivisions going
19	after them. So I'm not sure we're going to be able to come up
20	with a valid comparison, but we will take a look at it. Thank
21	you.
22	MS. DANIELS: Thank you, Director. Thank you,
23	Chair.
24	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Thank you, Jenn.
25	Are there any other members that wish to make a

1	comment or question regarding Kristine's presentation?
2	MR. MAXWELL: Mr. Chair, this is Ted Maxwell.
3	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Ted, go ahead.
4	MR. MAXWELL: Yeah. As the new newbie on the
5	board, I've just got a question. So obviously last year we had
6	a lot of influx for specific projects, and this year we do as
7	well in the current budget. And as I recall, not we won't
8	address the impact that would have on the five-year plan until
9	after final approval of budget, and then is there anything
10	specific about the process that we have to go through to
11	effectively add more funding into our five-year plan?
12	MS. WARD: Mr. Chair, Mr. Maxwell, I'm not
13	entirely sure I understand your question. Is it is it do we
14	have a difficulty in adding funds to the five-year program at
15	after the program has been voted upon?
16	DIRECTOR HALIKOWSKI: Mr. Chair, Kristine, I
17	think I understand his question. Essentially, Mr. Maxwell,
18	we're modifying the five-year program each month, if needed. So
19	even though you'll complete a five-year program by July, it
20	doesn't mean the Board can't come back and make additions to it
21	to address whatever situation has come up.
22	MR. MAXWELL: Thank you, Mr. Director. Thank
23	you, Mr. Chair.
24	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Thank you, Ted.
25	Any other board member?

1	There being none, it appears that we're pretty
2	much well accepting the Kristine's report, and that should
3	there I always think about if there's an issue of concern, I
4	always think about how can we make that happen and that person
5	with that has that concern? You know, I know there's a lot
6	of policies, there's a lot of regulations, but I think it would
7	be a good idea to at least look at, you know, this is an issue.
8	How do we make this happen or even try to consider it.
9	So anyway, that thank you for the conversation
10	on that. Let's go on down if there's no other question
11	regarding Kristine's presentation, we'll now move on to Item 2,
12	2023-2027 Tentative Five-Year Transportation Facilities
13	Construction Program Review. Again, I guess it's Kristine and
14	Greg.
15	MS. WARD: Yes, Mr. Chair. I am still on the hot
16	seat. So I'm not sure
17	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Okay.
18	MS. WARD: Oh, goodness. Are we starting I
19	think we usually start with the financials. Is the
20	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah. We're just pulling
21	it up. So sorry, Kristine.
22	MS. WARD: Oh, no problem. I'm like, uh-oh. I
23	won't be able to speak to Greg's slides very well.
24	So board members, what I want to do is as I go
25	through this, we'll first review the revenue forecasting

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1	process, how we established the revenues available for the
2	program. We'll review the forecasts themselves for the Highway
3	User Revenue Fund, Regional Area Road Fund and federal funds,
4	review the planned use of debt for the tentative program, and
5	then we'll review the total funding available, you know, in
6	aggregate for the program from all of the sources.
7	So if you'd advance to the next slide, and then
8	let's go to the one even after that. The next one. There we
9	go.
10	So the fund sources that we are working with that
11	support the highway program are the Highway User Revenue Fund,
12	which those revenues then flow in to the State Highway Fund, one
13	of the beneficiaries of the Highway User Revenue Fund. We then
14	have Regional Area Road Fund, the freeway portion of the
15	Regional Area Road Fund, a/k/a RARF. We then have federal funds
16	that support the program, and then there are other funding
17	sources, competitive grants, appropriations and private funding.
18	The funding that we're talking about going through the revenue
19	forecasting process are the Highway User Revenue Fund and the
20	Regional Area Road Fund. And those forecasts are completed by
21	the risk analysis panel, our RAP process.
22	So if you'd go to the next slide, please.
23	So, you know, what is it that we're actually
24	forecasting? This shows what this slide shows you is the
25	variables that we are forecasting that fold into and we have

1 found correlative with Highway User Revenue Fund and the Regional Area Road Fund. So in the case of HURF, Highway User 2 3 Revenue Fund, the panelists are forecasting non-farm employment, personal income, populations, gas prices, so forth. And in the 4 5 Regional Area Road Fund, some of those variables are the same that are being forecasted, some are different. 6 7 Ones that are being forecasted for RARF, 30-year 8 mortgage rates, airport passenger traffic and construction 9 employment. So panelists are giving us their forecasts over the 10 next -- for the next 20 years associated with these variables. 11 Next slide, please. 12 So in terms of what the process is, we begin this 13 process in May and July where we prepare the information, the financial data, the economic information for the panel. 14 We 15 provide that information to the panel and convene the panel in the month of August. So August of '21, we held the panel that 16 17 is -- that has resulted in the forecasts that I am communicating 18 to you today. 19 So the panel receives those -- that information, 20 and they then provide their estimates for those variables I just 21 reviewed with you. And those inputs, those inputs that the 22 panelists provide us, we then turn over to HDR, our consultant, 23 to produce the forecast results, and that takes place in August 24 and September time frame. From September through November, we 25 finalize those forecasts and then publish the results.

1	Next slide, please.
2	In terms of who's involved in the actual
3	forecasting process, it's very important that you have you
4	know, you're not saying, okay, my forecast comes from the wizard
5	behind the curtain over there. That's not how it's done. We
6	have a very sound process that involves a number of
7	transportation experts and economists, and you can as you can
8	see here, we involve folks from MAG, transportation
9	professional from MAG, a fiscal specialist from Peoria,
10	Treasurer's Office, a financial professional, Office of Economic
11	Opportunity, an economist, and then other economists as well.
12	Elliott Pollack Company, ASU, and then we have HDR, our
13	consultant, that we contract with to develop and run a
14	forecasting model, the forecasting model.
15	Next slide.
16	What we actually get as a product from this
17	process is a series of revenue estimates. These are the ones
18	you're looking at are HURF revenue estimates, and they are
19	estimates of revenue given a level of various levels of
20	probability. So we then take this information, look at the data
21	behind it, and generally we go with the 50 percent probability
22	level. And you'll see that these forecasts cover a 20-year
23	period.
24	The next slide, please.
25	So what this slide is about is to communicate the

1	accuracy of that, of those forecasts. So the RAP panel, as I
2	mentioned, it's convened annually. Each year they're
3	forecasting the next 20 years, and what this chart shows is that
4	the panel's long range forecasts tend to fall in plus or minus
5	5 percent, barring a Great Recession and a global pandemic.
6	That one threw us off a little, but typically we run a very
7	effective a very accurate forecast, and you'll see that what
8	this communicates is we in 2010, we're forecasting 2019, and
9	in this case, in 2010 we were we had a variant from actual of
10	about 2.9 percent.
11	Next slide.
12	This is the same as the last one, but it shows
13	the Regional Area Road Fund variant from previous forecasts, and
14	as you can see, again, we're within largely within that plus
15	and minus 5 percent.
16	Next slide, please.
17	So the benefits of this of this process is, as
18	I mentioned, we are involving a number of professionals in the
19	process. It's not just a these are not just numbers that
20	come out of the department. It uses very well-known and
21	accepted statistical methods. This is run through provided
22	over to HDR. They isolate what variables are most correlative,
23	and they run these estimate these projected growth rates
24	through a Monte Carlo simulation that you saw the product of
25	just a moment ago. It provides very objective data and accurate

1 results, and that is fortunately very recognized by our bond rating agencies as being stable and effective. 2 3 Next slide. So let's start off with the Highway User Revenue 4 5 Fund forecast. Next slide, please. 6 7 So, you know, calculating the funding that's available for the upcoming program begins with gathering the 8 9 data from last year. So I want to start with how we ended 2021, 10 and as this slide shows you, it goes all the way back to 2007 11 when we were on our peak and --12 (Interruption.) 13 MS. WARD: I'm sorry. Was there a question? 14 Okay. I think that... 15 And you can see in these most recent years, you 16 can see when the pandemic hit in '20, in that downturn, and in 17 '21 as we have experienced the revenues of that with -- the revenues of 2021 with all of the federal stimulus that has 18 19 flowed in, and what you can see is in '21 we were 9.9 percent 20 growth over FY '20, with about 1.6 billion in revenues collected. 21 22 Note how we had been experiencing steady growth 23 and revenues 2013 to 2019 that ranged anywhere from 3 to 5 percent, and then the pandemic hit in 2020, and that has really 24 25 given us a major -- thrown us a major curveball in doing revenue

1	projections when you've got, you know, unemployment, you've got
2	remote work, you've got federal stimulus, all that are key
3	factors that have impacted our revenue projecting ability.
4	Next slide, please.
5	This shows you the revenue sources for '21, the
6	major sources that flowed into the Highway User Revenue Fund,
7	and you'll see that VLT support was approximately 34 percent,
8	but you'll notice our fuel tax has been diminishing as an
9	overall source flowing into the Highway User Revenue Fund. This
10	is pertinent as we look into that funding makeup is relevant
11	as we look into forecasting going forward.
12	And if you go to the next slide, please.
13	You can see this, how that funding those fund
14	sources have changed over time that flow in and how they have
15	some have grown and some had shrunk. In FY '21, it was the
16	first year that we actually might have been the second year.
17	No. Yeah. Second year where VLT revenues eclipsed gas tax
18	revenues flowing into HURF, and so this, of course, impacts as
19	we how we look at the forecasts going forward.
20	So in terms of where we ended up in the
21	forecast if you go to the next slide, please for HURF.
22	Where we ended up is that based on that 50 percent confidence
23	interval growth rate applied to our forecast interim
24	forecast, the panel estimated a compound growth rate of around
25	3.8 percent going forward over the five-year program.

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1	If you go to the next slide, what this means in
2	terms of comparing what were our forecasts last year compared to
3	what are our forecasts this year, well, HURF forecasts were
4	increased by 13.1 percent for almost \$1.2 billion. I will say
5	that since I have been with the department, this has this
6	year's program has been the most unique in terms of growth.
7	This it will show you this slide will show you year by
8	year how much each year the panel estimates grew over last year.
9	So in '23, we added 207 million to the estimate, '24, 212, and
10	so forth.
11	Moving on to the next slide.
12	Cover the Regional Area Road Fund forecast. So
13	in '21, we experienced in Regional Area Road Fund, RARF, 13.8
14	percent growth over over 2020. And that was about 8.7 over
15	forecast, meaning an additional bringing an additional
16	\$45 million that had not been forecast.
17	Going into the next slide, please.
18	The funding makeup of the those the
19	revenues that came into RARF last year, you can see that retail
20	sales eclipsed the balance of the fund sources flowing in.
21	And if you go to the next slide, you can see this
22	quite dramatically. When you look at FY '21, you can see over
23	the years how retail has grown as the primary source of funds
24	flowing in.
25	Now, I expect, you know, we'll be looking at a

1	very different graph in 2022, because if you look at restaurant
2	and bar, which is the red segment, you'll see that decline that
3	happened in '20 and '21 largely associated with the pandemic.
4	So it will be interesting to see how that what this chart
5	looks like next year.
6	Moving on to the next slide.
7	In terms of what we are forecasting, again, based
8	on that 50 percent confidence interval, we are estimating a
9	compound growth rate of around 4.8 percent.
10	As compared to last year's forecast if we
11	could go to the next slide that adds \$336 million. That is
12	\$336 million greater than the forecast that we completed last
13	year, or a 15.4 percent increase. So, again, that's it's
14	we've got some very positive movement in revenues.
15	Moving on to you'll recall I said, okay, so
16	what are the fund sources that are supporting the program?
17	We've got the we've got HURF, we've got RARF, and we've got
18	then federal funding. Now, you're going to note that these next
19	slides haven't changed much since I spoke with you. They
20	haven't changed.
21	We don't know any more information or I don't
22	have anything that I can add since I spoke with you in Yuma a
23	couple of weeks ago. We are still waiting for Congress to pass
24	a budget and fully fund the infrastructure bill, but until we
25	have that budget and some additional guidance from FHWA, it

1	isn't clear the amount of formula funds additional formula
2	funds that will be available for the program.
3	So as I've showed you before, we do know our
4	apportionment levels. We have the continuing resolution carries
5	us through February 18th, and we I updated you on the bridge
6	formula program that we received additional information.
7	But if you go to the next slide
8	MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman. It's Steve.
9	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Go ahead, John Steve.
10	MR. STRATTON: Kristine, I'm sorry to interrupt
11	you, but I have a question on the bridge formula.
12	MS. WARD: Sure. Yes, sir.
13	MR. STRATTON: One of the meetings I've been in,
14	there was some mention of 135 million for bridges in Arizona.
15	So I'm concluding that we had already we're going to receive
16	90 million, and this new program is giving us an additional 45;
17	is that correct?
18	MS. WARD: So, Mr. Chair, Mr. Stratton, the
19	you are correct in the 45 million. So we have got we have
20	received the notice from FHWA, and it identified the 45 million
21	for bridge formula funds for FY '22.
22	MR. STRATTON: So the 135 number that I heard was
23	somewhat it made it seem like we were getting an additional
24	135, but we're not? We're getting an additional 45?
25	MS. WARD: We are getting correct, sir. We

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1 are getting the 45 million, and I apologize. I don't know where the 135 number... 2 3 MR. STRATTON: Okay. That's --MS. WARD: It doesn't come to mind. 4 5 MR. STRATTON: That's fine. Thank you. That answers my question. 6 7 Thank you, Mr. Chair. Thank you, Kristine. CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Thank you very much. You 8 9 want to go -- move... 10 MS. WARD: So moving on -- Mr. Chair, I'm sorry. 11 Would you like me to continue? 12 CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Yeah. Go ahead and continue. 13 Yes. 14 MS. WARD: Thank you, sir. 15 So as I mentioned, we don't know the obligation 16 authority available. So you might be asking, okay, if we -- if 17 you don't know anything more than you knew two weeks ago, if you'll -- what -- what have you included in your estimate as to 18 19 funding flowing into the program? Because, you know, we're 20 clearly going to get more funding. We just don't know how much. 21 We don't know how much of it is going to be suballocated. We 22 don't know, you know, the -- how much Congress is actually going 23 to fund of this overall thing, but we do know there's a very high probability we're going to get additional funds. 24 25 So what have we built into the forecast? What

1	we've built in is \$100 million in each year, with the
2	anticipation that and this will go back to Mr. Maxwell's
3	question as soon as we know the additional the actual
4	additional funding that we'll be receiving, we will be coming
5	back to the Board and reporting on the total additional funding
6	available. At this time, what we have done is we have added
7	\$100 million into each year of additional federal funding over
8	the FAST Act.
9	So if we could move on to the next slide.
10	And let's just skip this one and go on to the
11	next one, because I've just spoken to these.
12	So the next component of the funding available
13	for the five-year program is the amount of debt that we will
14	issue to support the program and thus accelerate projects. So
15	the total planned debt that has been built into the '23 through
16	'27 program is as depicted on this slide. We are the program
17	is built upon the planned HURF issues of 1.5 billion. Because
18	the Regional Area Road Fund and PROP 40 is coming to a
19	conclusion, we have no more planned debt issuances for RARF, and
20	we intend to issue \$350 million of GANs, grant anticipation
21	notes. And just in case you might have forgotten, those the
22	grant anticipation notes are we are bonding against our
23	future federal revenues.
24	So the HURF funds and the federal funds RARF,
25	of course, is exclusive to to MAG, and the planned debt

1 issues all compile together to speak to what funding is available for the overall program. 2 3 If you go to the next slide. And let's move 4 right on. So what this slide shows you is the tentative 5 program funding by year. Because we had such a change in the 6 7 revenue estimates, we have gone back and modified the first four years of the program, '23, '24, '25 and '26, and of course, 8 9 established our new fifth year, FY '27. 10 Into the '23 program, we've increased that 11 program by 2- -- that year of the program by \$254 million. Some of that is just a small amount. 4.5 million of that is 12 13 associated with projects that were previously funded by either general fund or (indiscernible) fund. 14 15 Then in 2024, the program has been increased by 16 \$421 million. In '25, it has been increased by \$500 million. '26, \$550 million. And in '27, the new fifth year, we are 17 18 looking at a \$1,450,000,000 program. The individual increments 19 there you can see. For the statewide program, the MAG, RTP 20 program -- that should not say major projects -- I apologize --21 and the PAG program. 22 So with that, let's move on to the next slide. 23 So in terms of what risks we've got to the 24 forecast, I would say one of the larger risks is inflation at 25 this point. We have been witnessing it. We've been bringing it

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1	to this board when we have to bring forward the awards and
2	estimates. And then we've also got Congressional action or
3	inaction that's kind of a threat to the overall forecast in that
4	we really don't know we need we need a budget. We need a
5	federal budget and the funding behind that infrastructure bill.
6	We are we have not had an economic downturn in
7	the traditional sense for some time. I do not know you know,
8	it's a bit of a mystery right now given the challenges and what
9	we've been experiencing with the pandemic, and then state
10	legislative action, you know, we're always subject to the
11	variability of various legislative actions that could pose a
12	risk or positive or negative.
13	So with that, that concludes my presentation, and
14	I would be happy to take any questions.
15	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Kristine, I do have one
16	question, and
17	MS. WARD: Yes, sir.
18	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: that has to do with what,
19	if any, is being planned or proposed by the State Legislature to
20	begin addressing some of the funding for the highway improvement
21	construction program?
22	MS. WARD: So, Mr. Chair, I believe you're asking
23	what bills are out there that are proposing projects or
24	additional funding for the highway system; is that correct, sir?
25	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Yes, ma'am. Yes, ma'am.

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1	MS. WARD: I would defer to Katy to run through
2	bills and what bills are out there that are being considered.
3	Katy, can you are you on the line?
4	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: If she's coming up, we can
5	wait until she's given that time, and if not, I guess she can go
6	ahead and address it. If not, we can wait until we come to her.
7	MS. WARD: So, Mr. Chairman, if nothing else, we
8	can provide you a listing of the bills that incorporate
9	additional funding for the system. Would that we could
10	provide that to the Board. Would that be all right?
11	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: That would be fine.
12	MS. WARD: Very good, sir.
13	MR. SEARLE: Jesse.
14	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: With that, any questions?
15	Yes.
16	MR. SEARLE: Jesse, this is Ricarhd.
17	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Yeah, Richard. Go ahead.
18	MR. SEARLE: I have a question. In the last
19	year's plan, we basically phased out expansion projects in 2025.
20	With this additional federal funding, are we going to revisit
21	that decision?
22	MS. WARD: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Searle, I would I
23	would defer that question to the next presenter, which would be
24	Greg Byres, as we go into what the actual tentative program
25	recommendations are. Would that be all right, sir?

1 MR. SEARLE: That's fine. I just would like to know whether we're going to be looking at expansion projects in 2 3 the future or not. 4 MS. WARD: Yes, sir. 5 CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Thank you, Richard. Any more questions for Kristine? If not, other 6 7 board members, do you have any questions or comments? 8 There being none, we will now move on to Item 2, 9 2027 Tentative Five-Year Transportation Facilities Construction 10 Program Review. 11 Greq, I'm assuming that this, again, is your 12 presentation? 13 MR. BYRES: Yes, it is, Mr. Chairman. Thank you very much. Board members, good morning. I do have a 14 presentation on the tentative five-year program, and if we can 15 16 go to the next slide. 17 So I'm going to go through some background as well as an overview of our asset conditions. We're going to 18 19 skip the P2P process for now, but we'll go on to the five-year 20 highway delivery program, as well as MAG's program, PAG's 21 program, what we're looking at for the airport program and then 22 the process of the tentative program for approval eventually 23 coming up in June. 24 So next slide, please. 25 So as far as background goes, again, the five-

1	year program must be fiscally constrained. As far as the
2	approval process in the schedule, what we're looking at,
3	February 18th at the board meeting, we will be doing a
4	presentation on the tentative five-year program, as well as
5	asking or requesting the Board's approval to put it out for
6	public hearing.
7	As far as the public hearing goes, we're actually
8	going to kind of get into that in Item 3 that's coming up.
9	June 2nd is the next study session that we're
10	going to have prior to approval of the five-year program, which
11	would occur June 17th, and then, of course, the FY '23 begins
12	July 1.
13	Next slide.
14	So as far as asset conditions go if you can go
15	to the next slide. Right now, the value of the system that
16	we're looking at is 23.5 billion. Of course, if we were to
17	reconstruct it right now, it's currently valued as far as
18	reconstruction goes at 300 billion. So it's this is a
19	substantial system that we're dealing with across the state.
20	Next slide.
21	So to get into the bridges, a lot of you have
22	already seen this, but we're going to go through. We've updated
23	some of the numbers here, but we do rate everything in good,
24	fair and poor condition across the state. If a bridge is in
25	poor condition, it is not unsafe. Unsafe bridges are closed.

1	
1	Next slide.
2	So with this, as you can see, we've been actually
3	very good with our bridge program over the last three years.
4	What you can see is we've actually maintained fairly close with
5	what's good, fair and poor on our bridges for the last from
6	2018 to 2020. We've basically stayed within .1 percent of our
7	bridges in poor condition. We've tried to stay on top of those.
8	That's been as you've seen in the past, a very large portion
9	of our five-year program is dedicated to bridges. So we've
10	actually done very well. Arizona, as far as nationally goes, is
11	one of the number one states for bridge condition across the
12	United States.
13	MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman.
14	MR. BYRES: Yes.
15	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Go ahead.
16	MR. STRATTON: Greg, I have a question for you.
17	I know that I believe, and correct me if I'm wrong, that when
18	the bridge failure in Minnesota happened several years ago, it
19	changed the criteria of the rating system and what they looked
20	for. I was wondering if, with the recent failure in
21	Pennsylvania, if the criteria was going to change again or what
22	your thoughts are, and if it did, what if it got more
23	stringent, what effect would it have on our ratings here. Would
24	we have more bridges going to poor or would it stay reasonably
25	the way it is now?

1	MR. BYRES: With the new rating system or
2	actually, the means of how we do our inspections, we've changed
3	that up, as you just mentioned. We now look at structural
4	components instead of the different or actually, it's the
5	structural segments of the bridge are what's inspected now, not
6	components. So we don't we don't break it down to just the
7	deck and the substructure and the superstructure or the
8	foundations. We now look at each component of the bridge, which
9	that's about as far down as you can take inspections. So I
10	can't see that system changing, because it's actually really
11	good, and it allows us to rate bridges on all components, not
12	just on the major portions of the bridges. So I don't at
13	this point in time, I don't see any changes foreseen.
14	MR. STRATTON: Very good. Thank you.
15	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Thank you, Steve.
16	MR. BYRES: Yeah.
17	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Go ahead and move forward.
18	MR. BYRES: Thank you.
19	Next slide, please.
20	For our pavements, again, we go with good, fair
21	and poor condition. We do break it up into three different
22	segments. So we'll start with the first one.
23	Next slide.
24	So for our interstate pavement, what you're
25	looking at here, we have updated these slides all the way

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1	running from 2010 through to 2020. If you'll look at 2020, on
2	the good condition, you'll see that we actually have a bit of an
3	uptick. That is mostly due to several preservation projects
4	that we have been able to complete over the last couple of years
5	thanks to the Board's assistance, and so we're actually starting
6	to make a little bit of difference.
7	Now, this is we got to be careful here in
8	jumping for joy, because we're we threw an awful lot of
9	money, and the Governor helped us out with our special line item
10	funding that we've been throwing at projects as well, so we've
11	seen that it's helped, but there's still a long way to go to try
12	and get this going. So but it's good that we're seeing some
13	improvements.
14	Next slide.
15	On our national highway system, this one, as
16	you'll see, we really haven't made a lot of progress. We're
17	still going in the negative direction. So we're still have,
18	like I said, a long way to go and trying to not only get this
19	going in a positive direction, but trying to get where it really
20	needs to be. We've let this from 2010 to 2020, we've lost,
21	you know, 36 percent of our good condition pavements.
22	Next slide.
23	On the non-NHS, again, we're kind of in that same
24	boat. We did see a little bit of an uptick in 2020, and a lot
25	of that is because we did go through a lot of the non-NHS

1	roadways with our SLI program. We've been able to make some
2	inroads, but we're still we still have a long way to go on
3	it, but because of what we have put into preservation, we are
4	starting to see some improvements.
5	Next slide.
6	As far as, you know, where we're at, this slide,
7	you've seen this slide before, and we're running some scenario
8	changes with the latest data that we have, but we're still
9	looking at, you know, just to maintain good condition pavements
10	and bridges, you know, we're looking at a huge cost of that
11	that 4.2 billion still holds true. It's actually probably a
12	little bit more when we're finish up our scenarios, but
13	that's the range that we're looking at. It's not a quick hit
14	and we're done. This is a major, long-term commitment that we
15	have to maintain.
16	Next slide.
17	In the Long Range Transportation Plan, we set our
18	investment categories, preservation, modernization and
19	expansion, and that's how we we have been running our five-
20	year program, and we'll continue to keep doing that.
21	Next slide.
22	So this is our program, and in answer to the
23	question earlier, yes, we do plan on doing more expansion. We
24	had in the future years, last year when we presented the five-
25	year program, we had two years of the program without any

1 expansion projects. As you can see, this year we have expansion 2 all the way through the five years. There is several projects 3 that we're looking at that are desperately needed for expansion, 4 and so we are looking at taking and moving those projects 5 forward in this tentative program. One of the other big things to see here is that 6 7 \$320 million horizontal line that we've been trying to hit with 8 our preservation, we're well exceeding that. So this is an 9 attempt to really make those inroads that we need to in our 10 preservation so that we can -- we can really reverse the curve 11 that we're seeing and try and recoup some of those good 12 pavements that we've been lacking over the past ten years. 13 So next slide. So with this, this is the overall tentative 14 15 program, which includes MAG and PAG. As you can see, we 16 basically have maintained almost the same percentages. We've 17 actually expanded the expansion program somewhat. So we're 18 really looking at what we can do with that. This, again, 19 includes MAG and PAG. So that 49.8 percent, the majority of 20 that is in those two areas. 21 Next slide. 22 As far as Greater Arizona goes, again, that 13.3 23 percent that we have in expansion is greater than what we've had in the past. We still do the majority of our funding set for 24 preservation, but we're looking at what we can do for expansion 25

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1	within the program itself.
2	Next slide.
3	So in 2023, we have three major projects that
4	we're looking at. We have SR-69, the Prescott Lakes at
5	10.3 million. We'll continue with the I-17 project at
6	83 million, and we're also looking at the I-10, the Gila River
7	Bridge, which is still scheduled for '23, and that's at
8	83 million as well.
9	Next slide.
10	For that I-10 project, I wanted to kind of slip
11	this in, because it's a large project that's going to span
12	several years, but this is kind of what we're looking at. That
13	\$400 million that Kristine had talked about earlier that the
14	exec. has put forth in the proposed budget is included in this
15	as far as the costs of what we're looking at for this project.
16	Altogether, it is somewhere in the neighborhood of \$700 million,
17	but this kind of gives you an idea of the different segments
18	that we're looking at and the time frame that we're looking at
19	as well.
20	Next slide.
21	In 2024, we are looking at a large project up on
22	I-40 and 93. This is the West Kingman TI at 125 million.
23	You'll notice that that number is little bit larger than what
24	you'd seen last year in the five-year program, and the reason
25	for that is that big red inflation number that Kristine was

	50
1	talking about. We also have 50 million set aside for the first
2	project on I-10, which is projected for '24.
3	Next slide.
4	In '25, we're looking at a new project that we
5	hadn't had on here before. This is a new expansion project.
6	This is on US-93. This is Cane Springs for \$40 million.
7	Next slide.
8	And in '26, we have project number two that we're
9	looking at on I-10. This right now is set for \$50 million.
10	These projects that you're looking at on I-10, the two
11	\$50 million projects, we've got these set in here so that, you
12	know, we're looking regardless of the funding that may come
13	through with the Legislature right now. We want to make sure
14	that these funds are there and we are able to pursue the I-10
15	projects, regardless of how any potential funds come through
16	with the Governor's budget that's being expressed right now in
17	the Legislature.
18	Next slide.
19	The next project we have is, again, on US-93.
20	This is \$60 million. This is the Big Jim Wash. This will
21	pretty much between the two projects that we have on 93, this
22	will pretty much complete US-93 as a four-lane route up to I-40,
23	which is desperately needed. The safety concerns that we have
24	seen over the last couple years on 93, we've seen some
25	horrendous crashes, and it isn't just a few. It's pretty

1	become very commonplace, and these are desperately needed
2	expansion projects.
3	Next slide.
4	For future years, at this point in time, we're
5	showing we are not showing expansion projects, and the reason
6	being is because this is projected so far out, it's much easier
7	to hold these as we've done in the past and not shown the
8	expansion. As planning comes through, we've got a lot of stuff
9	in the in the works right now with several tier two projects
10	that we're potentially looking at, as well as expansion projects
11	all the way across the state that are desperately needed. But
12	for planning purposes, this is this is what we're looking at
13	for years six to ten as we go forward. As we progress over the
14	next five years, these will cascade out with expansion projects
15	more than likely being added.
16	We do have a
17	MR. STRATTON: Mr
18	MR. BYRES: our Long Range Transportation Plan
19	is getting underway. It is projected to be completed within
20	about 18 months, and with that, that will give us a whole new
21	idea of where we can take future plans. This is projected based
22	on the current Long Range Transportation Plan that we're
23	utilizing.
24	MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman, I have a question.
25	This is Steve.

1 CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Go ahead, Steve. 2 MR. STRATTON: Greg, what happened to Lion 3 Springs? I know we've spent -- it's been in the program, in and out, and in and out of the program for over 20 years. That's a 4 5 problem that ADOT made with the bottleneck, and I know we spent federal money on design, which is, I believe, over half done, if 6 7 I'm not mistaken. I could be. But where does that stand in the 8 system now? I was under the understanding that it might 9 possibly reappear in this five-year plan. 10 MR. BYRES: So Lion Springs is in our P2P 11 expansion list. The 93 projects were ahead of it, which is why 12 they were selected to go into the program. But yes, Lion 13 Springs is in our P2P. It gets considered every year. It was 14 not within the top two projects that we were looking at, the 93 15 were, and that's why they were selected. 16 MR. STRATTON: I understand that, but you're not 17 showing it in the six- to ten-year program either, which 18 means --19 MR. BYRES: No. 20 MR. STRATTON: -- at that point, we have to repay 21 the federal funds, I believe, that we've used, haven't we, if we 22 don't build it within ten years? 23 MR. BYRES: The -- those particular funds will be 24 coming due within -- yes, probably within the next two years. 25 So we will be looking at that -- those within the P2P process as

1 we go forward. Lion Springs actually didn't fare too bad in P2P. So it's sitting right there on the edge, and it will start 2 3 accelerating as we go through over the next year or two. MR. STRATTON: Thank you. 4 5 CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Thank you, Steve. Greq, go ahead. Continue. 6 7 MR. BYRES: Thank you. 8 Next slide. 9 This gets us into the MAG program. What you're looking at here, we kind of changed this up a little bit so it's 10 11 a little easier to read, but again, our freeway program within 12 the valley is the major items that they have, as well as major 13 arterial roadway projects. One of the things that you can see is Item 6, which is SR-30, that they're -- MAG has been looking 14 15 at, to start looking at funding on it, as well as several other 16 projects that we have throughout the valley. 17 Next slide. 18 Down in the PAG region, we have several projects. 19 The majority of those are on I-10. However, we do have one project on I-19 that is projected going forward in this five-20 21 year program. 22 Next slide. 23 As far as the airport program goes -- next 24 slide -- with this, one of the things that we have changed is our FSL amount has increased just slightly. The reason for that 25

	12
1	is FAA funding coming into the state has increased. So
2	therefore, the money that we utilize to help match those federal
3	funds, we've had to jump up just a little bit. But our
4	state/local program is still substantial, as well as our airport
5	pavement preservation is still very prevalent. Grand Canyon is
6	getting funding as well, as well as the planning services that
7	we utilize for aeronautics. The total that we have is
8	\$31 million for FY '23.
9	Next slide.
10	So the next steps, as I'd kind of started out,
11	February 18th, the tentative program will be presented to the
12	State Transportation Board for approval for public hearings.
13	The planned public hearings, we're going to speak about with
14	Item 3.
15	June 2nd will be the next study session that
16	we'll be looking at for the tentative program, and then the
17	final program will go forth to the Board for approval June 17th.
18	Next slide.
19	With that, I stand for any questions anybody has.
20	Thank you very much.
21	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Greg, I do have one question.
22	And I know that a lot of these projects are existing projects
23	that are going to be funded. I want to know if there are any
24	other right-of-ways or new construction that are being proposed
25	other than what we're going to be funding in this five-year

plan.

	-
2	MR. BYRES: So, Mr. Chairman, yes, there are.
3	What we're looking at in detailing out the five-year program,
4	we've got several new projects that would be coming into the
5	third year of the program. Those projects currently are going
6	through our planning-level scoping process. We were actually
7	able to go quite a bit further down our P2P list in putting new
8	projects into the program due to the additional funding that
9	we're looking at. So that's been really nice to be able to do
10	that. And then, again, as I had mentioned, we were able to tap
11	into the expansion portion of the P2P program to put some
12	projects into it as well.
13	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: The reason why I'm putting
14	this question forward is there's concerns or interest in
15	bringing more construction revenues to the Native American
16	communities for the purpose of improving their economy in the
17	various locations. So that is apparently the concern.
18	One concern that was expressed to me was, you
19	know, I'm hauling my horse and my trailer. Sometimes I want to
20	go directly to the location where I want to go, but knowing the
21	bad conditions of those roads, I have to go around 50 or 60
22	extra miles. Again, there's a different way of the public
23	presenting their concerns to us. So anyway, that's the only
24	comment.
25	And are there any questions by the board members

1	for Greg?
2	MR. KNIGHT: Mr. Chair, this is Gary.
3	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Go ahead, Gary.
4	MR. KNIGHT: Greg, US-95 widening down here in
5	Yuma, that project is actually underway. It's got there's
6	project to projects have been some part of the projects have
7	been awarded, and the work is ongoing, however, as you well
8	know, we haven't come up with enough funding yet to completely
9	finish it, but will that remain will that the fact that
10	it's already started, the fact that it's already under
11	construction have any bearings on where it sits in the P2P
12	process?
13	MR. BYRES: Mr. Chairman, Board Member Knight,
14	yes, it does, because the fact that we have actually already
15	done it, but one of the big things where the influence is is
16	that we've got some we already have clearances for basically
17	that corridor. By that I mean environmental clearances. So
18	that helps out substantially in looking at potential projects.
19	One of the big reasons why the US-93 projects
20	came to the top of P2P is because we already had environmental
21	clearance for those two expansion projects. So we're in the
22	process of still getting the expansion the clearances for
23	Lion Springs, which kind of dropped it just a little bit, but
24	yes, for to answer your question, it does make a difference.
25	MR. KNIGHT: Great. Thank you. Thank you,

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1	Mr. Chair.
2	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Thank you, Gary.
3	Any board member want to ask a question to Greg?
4	Hearing none, one last comment I'd like to and
5	I always bring this up in that the state of Arizona has
6	certainly do have interest in the transportation part of the
7	education of our young people that are going to school at public
8	schools on the reservation, and I wish there was some way of
9	beginning to address that. And I know there's a lot of policies
10	that it needs happen, those policies have to be modified or
11	amended or changed, and of course, again, that is my concern.
12	Other than that, let's go we will now move on
13	to Item 3, discussion on public hearing process regarding the
14	2023-2027 Tentative Five-Year Transportation Facility
15	Construction Program.
16	So again, I believe this is your item, Greg.
17	MR. BYRES: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, board
18	members.
19	What we're what we're looking at here is we're
20	putting in a request to the Board to change how we've been doing
21	our public hearings in the past. State statute requires us to
22	have a public hearing. In the past we've done three public
23	hearings. What we've found, especially over the last couple
24	years, is that when it comes to comments that we receive on the
25	tentative program, we're now receiving the majority, and by far

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1	the majority of the comments, coming in either through social
2	media or through our website. And that is how more people are
3	viewing the tentative program.
4	So what we're proposing is instead of doing three
5	in-person public hearings, we do one in-person public hearing,
6	but at the same point in time, we take and we have to present
7	the tentative program to the Board for approval for public
8	comment. We would like to take that presentation and put it on
9	our website so that it can be accessed by anyone at any time.
10	So instead of just having to come to those three public
11	hearings, they now can see that presentation at any time. So it
12	would be a recorded presentation that would have all the
13	information that they get in the public hearings that we've had
14	in the past.
15	The one public hearing that we are looking at
16	would probably be held in May. What that does is that gives the
17	public as much time as possible to take and consolidate their
18	comments to try and get as many comments in as we possibly can
19	so that they can be addressed in that one public hearing. So
20	there's you know, it's the way we've done public
21	outreached has really changed over the last couple years,
22	obviously, for obvious reasons. And so we're we think this
23	is the best way to get the information out to the public, to get
24	as many comments as we possibly can back and be able to address
25	them in a timely manner before we have the final program put

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1	together in June.
2	So this is a request that we're putting forth to
3	the Board. It will be depending on what kind of comments we
4	get from the Board today, we would like to put this as an agenda
5	item on the next board meeting.
6	So with that, I'm trying to elicit comments from
7	you, the Board, on if you think this would be something that we
8	we would like to pursue it, but we want to hear from the
9	Board on what you all think.
10	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Well, Greg, will this give
11	enough time to the public to begin following this year's
12	schedule? Is it out there already? I mean, I'm sure it has
13	now. I guess it's the timing on how we're changing this
14	scheduling.
15	MR. BYRES: So, Mr. Chairman, the time is exactly
16	the same as it has been in the past where we initiate the
17	tentative program in February. We take it all the way through
18	to May when we have the study session, and then, of course, the
19	voting of the final program in June. So that timing doesn't
20	change. What this does is it allows that information to be out
21	in front of everybody a little bit sooner but a whole lot more
22	accessible to everyone.
23	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Thank you, Greg. Any
24	questions for Greg? Board members?
25	MR. KNIGHT: Mr. Chair, it's Gary.

1	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Gary, go ahead.
2	MR. KNIGHT: Greg, I like the idea. I think it
3	will work better. I think from my experience, the three
4	particularly, the three hearings we have, the in-person part of
5	it, we just hear the same thing over and over and over and over
6	again, and I think it would have more impact if it were done
7	online, and you guys can the staff can see what kind of merit
8	there is and what kind of what could be done to each one of
9	the comments that are made. I think it's more would be more
10	productive than just having us listen to the same comments time
11	and again. So I think it's worth a try.
12	I think from what you're showing us here,
13	certainly the way that you've been receiving comments in the
14	last couple years has certainly changed compared to previous
15	years. So I think it would behoove us to change to meet that
16	demand and see how it see how it works outs for us. I mean,
17	nothing's locked in stone. If we do this for a year and we
18	decide we don't like it, we can always we can always change
19	it back, but I think it's worth worth the effort to try it.
20	Thank you, Mr. Chair.
21	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Thank you, Gary.
22	Any other comments?
23	MR. MAXWELL: Mr. Chair, this is Ted.
24	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Yeah, Ted. Go ahead.
25	MR. MAXWELL: Okay. Thank you, Greg.

1	I mean, looking at the numbers, I honestly think
2	2021 may have been an anomaly. There may be something at least
3	on the SurveyMonkey numbers, but obviously the impact of COVID
4	hurt the in-person meetings significantly. I tend to agree. I
5	don't know if it's necessary to have three.
6	I guess my question to you would be: Is there a
7	plan for the one in-person meeting to have the hybrid function?
8	There is something for about a lot of people about speaking
9	in person. That's part of what our role and responsibility is
10	to be outward and interacting with the communities.
11	So I hate to lose you know, yes, the majority
12	of the speakers probably would be available in the Maricopa
13	area, but that, you know, for some in Pima County and/or the
14	rural parts of the state, they may not.
15	And there's just something about in-person
16	comments made to us when we are considering changes to the five-
17	year plan that's significant. So I want to make sure that
18	everybody has it. So I guess long story short, my question is:
19	Do you have a plan for a hybrid combination for that in-person
20	meeting?
21	MR. BYRES: Mr. Chair
22	MR. ROEHRICH: Mr. Chairman
23	MR. BYRES: Go ahead, Floyd.
24	MR. ROEHRICH: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Maxwell, yes, we
25	are planning to hold hybrid meetings in person and simulcasted

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1	Webex virtual meetings basically at least for the rest of this
2	fiscal year to June, and then we are contemplating if we need to
3	continue that on the rest of the year, which we would support
4	that, but we wanted to make sure that we are committing as
5	you said, the compliance of reaching the public, meeting
6	expectations of the board members and doing it in a safe manner.
7	So we are intending to hold hybrid meetings at least through
8	June.
9	MR. MAXWELL: I understand that, Floyd. I was
10	specifically talking on the public comment meeting, that if
11	we're going to go from three statewide down to one, you know,
12	I'd like to make sure that with the technology going forward,
13	there's no reason that we can't during that one public comment
14	meeting where people actually get to speak in person versus
15	either a letter or an email, a phone call or SurveyMonkey. I'd
16	like to make sure everybody we have the opportunity for as
17	many people to speak to us in person at that public meeting.
18	MR. ROEHRICH: So again, Mr. Chairman,
19	Mr. Maxwell, yes. The June meeting would be a hybrid meeting.
20	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Thank you, Floyd.
21	With that response, I think on top of it, I'd
22	also like to say that as long as we don't have any problem
23	getting our message out to the rural and remote area
24	communities, and I think it would be very critical, to me it is,
25	to be able to meet person to person with the people that we are

1 working for. 2 Again, is there any other comments that needs to 3 be made at this time? 4 MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chair. 5 CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Go ahead. MR. STRATTON: Having been through several years 6 7 of sitting in the public hearings and following them for many 8 years prior, Gary is exactly right. The same comments are made 9 over and over again by the same people, and I'm very 10 quilty of that when I was lobbying the board for years. 11 I think with the pandemic, our eyes were opened 12 to how many people tuned in to the webcast, and over the last 13 year, when we have had the opportunity to do a dual, in-person 14 and webcast, many of the people that we would see at every 15 meeting over the years are now tuning in through the webcast to 16 various reasons. It saves a lot of money for their entities. 17 They don't have to travel and have those expenses. 18 So personally, I think it's worth a shot. Ι 19 think it's a good thing to try this year, and the Board can also 20 correct it next year if it doesn't prove to be fruitful. 21 Thank you. 22 MR. KNIGHT: Mr. Chair, it's Gary. 23 CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Go ahead, Gary. MR. KNIGHT: One other consideration is a lot of 24 people -- there are a lot of people out there that are not 25

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1	comfortable getting in up in front of a group of people and
2	speaking. However, they have no trouble at all sitting down in
3	front of a keyboard and expressing their thoughts in that
4	manner.
5	So that group of people, I think that's probably
6	why they we've seen an increase in online, like, SurveyMonkey
7	and whatever other online method is being used, but I think a
8	lot of people are just more comfortable sitting in front of a
9	keyboard, and I think they tend to express themselves probably a
10	little better than when they're standing up in front of a group
11	of people when they're and they're nervous and so anyway,
12	I really think it's beneficial to our constituents that do want
13	to express concerns or whatever it might be to have them be able
14	to do it online and not have to stand up in front of us in a
15	public forum. Anyway, that's another outtake on it, too.
16	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: The only request I would like
17	to make is that, again, my concern on how this would impact
18	those people that don't really have access to the way we've been
19	operating for a couple years. Even I certainly have a lot of
20	problems just trying to tune in on all the conversation Webex or
21	telephonically. So that is maybe you can look at that a
22	little bit more, Greg, see how that would impact those people
23	out there.
24	And the other question is I know that you, the
25	staff, would not have any problems joining any group that wish

1	to hear a little bit more about that issue that the Board has to
2	deal with and present and getting the five-year plan forward.
3	So, again, that's more a comment. I don't know if you want to
4	respond to it or whatever. Greg.
5	MR. BYRES: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
6	Yes, you're absolutely right. As once the
7	public hearing once the tentative program is approved for
8	public consumption, basically, yes, we make that information
9	available to everyone that asks, and we try and make sure that
10	that gets out to the public as much as possible. So whether
11	it's through an electronic means or through personal
12	presentations that we do, and we would continue to do that.
13	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: A couple of things that are
14	now coming up up here in the northwestern part is that we do
15	have as part of being ADOT that we created a Hopi transportation
16	partnership organization, you know, coming to Flagstaff, and the
17	other one is Navajo Nation transportation partnership meetings,
18	and we are hoping to rejump that restart that pretty quickly.
19	And the other one is that the Navajo Nation to
20	(indiscernible), the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the counties, the
21	Navajo Nation transportation staff and the state together to
22	begin talking about similar issues like what we're doing with
23	our budget for the next five years. So I just wanted to bring
24	that up to your attention that we will notify you when that is
25	scheduled or made. So with that, are there any other comments

1 or questions by the board members? This went pretty quick. Is there a motion --2 3 there's no action regarding this five-year plan at this time? 4 MR. ROEHRICH: Mr. Chairman, this is Floyd. Yes, 5 that is correct. This was only agendaed for discussion for the Board to deliberate and think about it, and we will bring it 6 7 back as a formal action at the next board meeting on February 18th. 8 9 CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: So with that, does that 10 complete our agenda at this time? MR. ROEHRICH: Mr. Chairman, that is all that is 11 12 on the agenda. You've completed the agenda. 13 CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Very good. Now going back to the board members, there's a couple of ways we do this 14 15 apparently, and this -- I can -- as the Chairman of the Board, I 16 can just say that during the meeting. The other way we've done it before is to have a motion and a second for adjournment. So 17 I'll take the latter one. I'll need a motion --18 19 MR. STRATTON: So moved. 20 CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: -- to adjourn. MR. KNIGHT: Second. 21 22 CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Motion and a second to 23 adjourn, one by Stratton and then the second by Gary. So all 24 those in favor say aye. 25 BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.

1	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: We don't need a roll call, do
2	we?
3	MR. ROEHRICH: No, Mr. Chairman. That's all you
4	(indiscernible). You have completed your meeting. Thank you,
5	everyone, and have a safe day.
6	CHAIRMAN THOMPSON: Thank you, everyone.
7	(Meeting adjourned at 10:37 a.m.)
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1	STATE OF ARIZONA)) ss.
2	COUNTY OF MARICOPA)
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4	BE IT KNOWN that the foregoing proceedings were reported by
5	me, TERESA A. WATSON, Registered Merit Reporter, Certified
6	Reporter, Certificate No. 50876, State of Arizona, from an
7	electronic recording and were reduced to written form under my
8	direction; that the foregoing 55 pages constitute a true and
9	accurate transcript of said electronic recording, all done to
10	the best of my skill and ability.
11	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am in no way related to any of the
12	parties hereto, nor am I in any way interested in the outcome
13	hereof.
14	DATED at Phoenix, Arizona, this 7th day of March 2022.
15	
16	
17	/s/ Teresa A. Watson
18	TERESA A. WATSON, RMR
19	Certified Reporter Certificate No. 50876
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<u>Adjournment</u> Chairman Jesse Thompson moved to adjourn the February 3, 2022, State Transportation Board Study Session.

Meeting adjourned at 10:37 a.m. PST.

Not Available for Signature Jesse Thompson, Chairman State Transportation Board

Not Available for Signature John S. Halikowski, Director Arizona Department of Transportation